

- 2 ebXML Registry Services v0.90
- **ebXML Registry Project Team**
- 4 **23 April 2001**

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6 1 Status of this Document

7	
8	This document specifies an ebXML DRAFT STANDARD for the eBusiness community
9	
10	Distribution of this document is unlimited.
11	
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13	
14	This version:
15	http://www.ebxml.org/project_teams/registry/private/RegistryServicesSpecificationv0.89.pdf
16	
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18	http://www.ebxml.org/project_teams/registry/private/RegistryServicesSpecification.pdf
19	
20	Previous version:
21	http://www.ebxml.org/project_teams/registry/private/RegistryServicesSpecificationv0.88.pdf
22	
23	

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236 **3 Introduction**

237 3.1 Summary of Contents of Document

- This document defines the interface to the ebXML *Registry* Services as well as interaction protocols, message definitions and XML schema.
- A separate document, *ebXML Registry Information Model* [ebRIM], provides information on the types of metadata that are stored in the Registry as well as the relationships among the various metadata classes.

243 **3.2 General Conventions**

- The following conventions are used throughout this document:
- 0 UML diagrams are used as a way to concisely describe concepts. They are not
 intended to convey any specific *Implementation* or methodology requirements.
- o The term *"repository item"* is used to refer to an object that has been submitted to a
 Registry for storage and safekeeping (e.g. an XML document or a DTD). Every
 repository item is described by a RegistryEntry instance.
- 250 o The term "*RegistryEntry*" is used to refer to an object that provides metadata about a 251 *repository item*.
- o *Capitalized Italic* words are defined in the ebXML Glossary.
- 253 The keywords MUST, MUST NOT, REQUIRED, SHALL, SHALL NOT, SHOULD,
- 254 SHOULD NOT, RECOMMENDED, MAY, and OPTIONAL, when they appear in this 255 document, are to be interpreted as described in RFC 2119 [Bra97].

256 **3.3 Audience**

- The target audience for this specification is the community of software developers who are:
- 259 o Implementers of ebXML Registry Services
- 260 o Implementers of ebXML Registry Clients

261 **3.4 Related Documents**

- The following specifications provide some background and related information to the reader:
- a) ebXML Registry Information Model [ebRIM]
- b) ebXML Message Service Specification [ebMS]
- c) ebXML Business Process Specification Schema [ebBPM]
- d) ebXML Collaboration-Protocol Profile and Agreement Specification [ebCPP]

ebXML Registry Services Specification

268 **4 Design Objectives**

269 **4.1 Goals**

- 270 The goals of this version of the specification are to:
- 271 o Communicate functionality of Registry services to software developers
- o Specify the interface for Registry clients and the Registry
- o Provide a basis for future support of more complete ebXML Registry requirements
- o Be compatible with other ebXML specifications

275 **4.2 Caveats and Assumptions**

- The Registry Services specification is first in a series of phased deliverables. Later
 versions of the document will include additional functionality planned for future
 development.
- 279 It is assumed that:
- All interactions between the clients of the ebXML Registry and the ebXML Registry may optionally be implemented by means other than that specified in the ebXML Message Service Specification. However, these optional communication means are outside the scope of this specification.
- 284 2. All access to the Registry content is exposed via the interfaces defined for the 285 Registry Services.
- The Registry makes use of a Repository for storing and retrieving persistent
 information required by the Registry Services. This is an implementation detail
 that will not be discussed further in this specification.

289 **5 System Overview**

290 5.1 What The ebXML Registry Does

The ebXML Registry provides a set of services that enable sharing of information between interested parties for the purpose of enabling *business process* integration between such parties based on the ebXML specifications. The shared information is maintained as objects in a repository and managed by the ebXML Registry Services defined in this document.

296 5.2 How The ebXML Registry Works

This section describes at a high level some use cases illustrating how Registry clients may make use of Registry Services to conduct B2B exchanges. It is meant to be illustrative and not prescriptive.

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The following scenario provides a high level textual example of those use cases in terms of interaction between Registry clients and the Registry. It is not a complete listing

of the use cases that could be envisioned. It assumes for purposes of example, a buyer

and a seller who wish to conduct B2B exchanges using the RosettaNet PIP3A4

Purchase Order business protocol. It is assumed that both buyer and seller use the

same Registry service provided by a third party. Note that the architecture supports

other possibilities (e.g. each party uses its own private Registry).

307 5.2.1 Schema Documents Are Submitted

A third party such as an industry consortium or standards group submits the necessary
 schema documents required by the RosettaNet PIP3A4 Purchase Order business
 protocol with the Registry using the ObjectManager service of the Registry described in
 Section 7.3.

312 5.2.2 Business Process Documents Are Submitted

A third party, such as an industry consortium or standards group, submits the necessary

business process documents required by the RosettaNet PIP3A4 Purchase Order

315 business protocol with the Registry using the ObjectManager service of the Registry

described in Section 7.3.

317 **5.2.3 Seller's Collaboration Protocol Profile Is Submitted**

The seller publishes its *Collaboration Protocol* Profile or CPP as defined by [ebCPP] to the Registry. The CPP describes the seller, the role it plays, the services it offers and

320 the technical details on how those services may be accessed. The seller classifies their

321 Collaboration Protocol Profile using the Registry's flexible *Classification* capabilities.

322 **5.2.4 Buyer Discovers The Seller**

323 The buyer browses the Registry using *Classification* schemes defined within the

Registry using a Registry Browser GUI tool to discover a suitable seller. For example

325 the buyer may look for all parties that are in the Automotive Industry, play a seller role,

support the RosettaNet PIP3A4 process and sell Car Stereos.

The buyer discovers the seller's CPP and decides to engage in a partnership with the seller.

329 5.2.5 CPA Is Established

330 The buyer unilaterally creates a *Collaboration Protocol Agreement* or CPA as defined by

[ebCPP] with the seller using the seller's CPP and their own CPP as input. The buyer

proposes a trading relationship to the seller using the unilateral CPA. The seller accepts

the proposed CPA and the trading relationship is established.

Once the seller accepts the CPA, the parties may begin to conduct B2B transactions as defined by [ebMS].

5.3 Where the Registry Services May Be Implemented

The Registry Services may be implemented in several ways including, as a public web site, as a private web site, hosted by an ASP or hosted by a VPN provider.

339 **5.4 Implementation Conformance**

An implementation is a *conforming* ebXML Registry if the implementation meets the conditions in Section 5.4.1. An implementation is a conforming ebXML Registry Client if the implementation meets the conditions in Section 5.4.2. An implementation is a conforming ebXML Registry and a conforming ebXML Registry Client if the implementation conforms to the conditions of Section 5.4.1 and Section 5.4.2. An implementation shall be a conforming ebXML Registry, a conforming ebXML Registry Client, or a conforming ebXML Registry and Registry Client.

347 5.4.1 Conformance as an ebXML Registry

- An implementation conforms to this specification as an ebXML registry if it meets the following conditions:
- 1. Conforms to the ebXML Registry Information Model [ebRIM].
- Supports the syntax and semantics of the Registry Interfaces and Security
 Model.
- 353 3. Supports the defined ebXML Error Message DTD (Appendix A.1)
- 4. Supports the defined ebXML Registry DTD (Appendix A.2)
- 355 5. Optionally supports the syntax and semantics of Section 8.3, SQL Query
 356 Support.

357 **5.4.2 Conformance as an ebXML Registry Client**

- An implementation conforms to this specification, as an ebXML Registry Client if it meets the following conditions:
- 1. Supports the ebXML CPA and bootstrapping process.
- 361 2. Supports the syntax and the semantics of the Registry Client Interfaces.
- 362 3. Supports the defined ebXML Error Message DTD.
- 363 4. Supports the defined ebXML Registry DTD.

364 6 Registry Architecture

365 The ebXML Registry architecture consists of an ebXML Registry and ebXML Registry

Clients. The Registry Client interfaces may be local to the registry or local to the user. Figure 1 depicts the two possible topologies supported by the registry architecture with respect to the Registry and Registry Clients.

The picture on the left side shows the scenario where the Registry provides a web based "thin client" application for accessing the Registry that is available to the user using a common web browser. In this scenario the Registry Client interfaces reside across the internet and are local to the Registry from the user's view.

- The picture on the right side shows the scenario where the user is using a "fat client" Registry Browser application to access the registry. In this scenario the Registry Client interfaces reside within the Registry Browser tool and are local to the Registry from the user's view. The Registry Client interfaces communicate with the Registry over the internet in this scenario.
- A third topology made possible by the registry architecture is where the Registry Client

interfaces reside in a server side business component such as a Purchasing business

component. In this topology there may be no direct user interface or user intervention

involved. Instead the Purchasing business component may access the Registry in an

automated manner to select possible sellers or service providers based current

383 business needs.

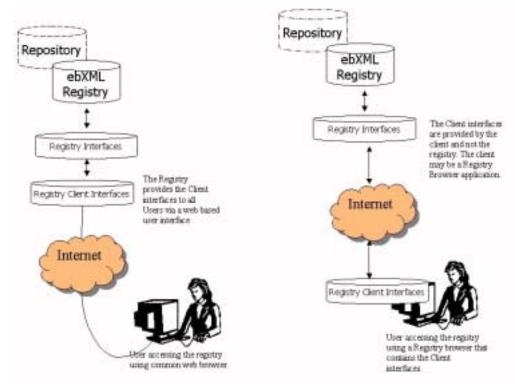




Figure 1: Registry Architecture Supports Flexible Topologies

ebXML Registry Services Specification

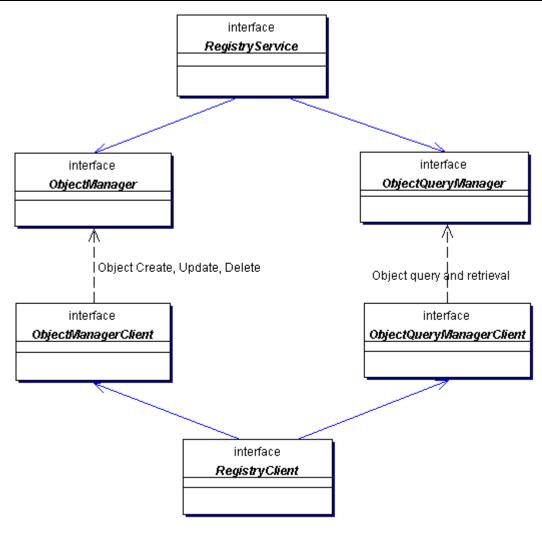
- Clients communicate with the Registry using the ebXML Messaging Service in the same manner as any two ebXML applications communicating with each other.
- ³⁸⁸ Future versions of this specification may provide additional services to explicitly extend
- the Registry architecture to support distributed registries. However this current version
- of the specification does not preclude ebXML Registries from cooperating with each
- other to share information, nor does it preclude owners of ebXML Registries from
- registering their ebXML registries with other registry systems, catalogs, or directories.

6.1 ebXML Registry Profiles and Agreements

- The ebXML CPP specification [ebCPP] defines a Collaboration-Protocol Profile (CPP) and a Collaboration-Protocol Agreement (CPA) as mechanisms for two parties to share information regarding their respective business processes. That specification assumes that a CPA has been agreed to by both parties in order for them to engage in B2B interactions.
- 399 This specification does not mandate the use of a CPA between the Registry and the
- 400 Registry Client. However if the Registry does not use a CPP, the Registry shall provide
- an alternate mechanism for the Registry Client to discover the services and other
- information provided by a CPP. This alternate mechanism could be simple URL.
- 403 The CPA between clients and the Registry should describe the interfaces that the
- Registry and the client expose to each other for Registry-specific interactions. These
- 405 interfaces are described in Figure 2 and subsequent sections. The definition of the
- Registry CPP template and a Registry Client CPP template are beyond the scope of this
 document.

6.2 Client To Registry Communication Bootstrapping

- Since there is no previously established CPA between the Registry and the
- 410 RegistryClient, the client must know at least one Transport-specific communication
- address for the Registry. This communication address is typically a URL to the Registry,
- although it could be some other type of address such as an email address.
- For example, if the communication used by the Registry is HTTP, then the
- communication address is a URL. In this example, the client uses the Registry's public
- 415 URL to create an implicit CPA with the Registry. When the client sends a request to the
- 416 Registry, it provides a URL to itself. The Registry uses the client's URL to form its
- version of an implicit CPA with the client. At this point a session is established within theRegistry.
- For the duration of the client's session with the Registry, messages may be exchanged
- bidirectionally as required by the interaction protocols defined in this specification.



421 422

Figure 2: ebXML Registry Interfaces

423 **6.3 Interfaces**

This specification defines the interfaces exposed by both the Registy (Section 6.4) and

425 the Registry Client (Section 6.5). Figure 2 shows the relationship between the

interfaces and the mapping of specific Registy interfaces with specific Registry Clientinterfaces.

428 6.4 Interfaces Exposed By The Registry

The ebXML Registry implements the following interfaces as its services (Registry Services).

431

432

436 are used by the client to discover service-specific interfaces implemented by the

437 Registry.

438

Method Summary		
ObjectManager getObjectManager() Returns the ObjectManager interface implement the Registry service.		
ObjectQueryManager	getObjectQueryManager() Returns the ObjectQueryManager interface implemented by the Registry service.	

439 6.4.2 Interface ObjectManager

440

This is the interface exposed by the Registry Service that implements the Object life cycle management functionality of the Registry. Its methods are invoked by the Registry Client. For example, the client may use this interface to submit objects, to classify and associate objects and to deprecate and remove objects. For this specification the semantic meaning of submit, classify, associate, deprecate and remove is found in [ebRIM].

447

Method Summary				
Void	d approveObjects(ApproveObjectsRequest req) Approves one or more previously submitted objects.			
Void	bid deprecateObjects(DeprecateObjectsRequest req) Deprecates one or more previously submitted objects.			
Void	removeObjects(RemoveObjectsRequest req) Removes one or more previously submitted objects from the Registry.			
void	submitObjects(SubmitObjectsRequest req) Submits one or more objects and possibly related metadata such as Associations and Classifications.			
void	Add slots to one or more registry entries.			

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void removeSlots(RemoveSlotsRequest req) Remove specified slots from one or more registry entries.

448 **6.4.3 Interface ObjectQueryManager**

449

450 This is the interface exposed by the Registry that implements the Object Query

451 management service of the Registry. Its methods are invoked by the Registry Client.

452 For example, the client may use this interface to perform browse and drill down queries

453 or ad hoc queries on registry content and metadata.

454

Method Summary	
GetClassificationTreeResponse	getClassificationTree(
	GetClassificationTreeRequest req) Returns the ClassificationNode Tree under the ClassificationNode specified in GetClassificationTreeRequest.
void	getClassificationTreeAsync(
	GetClassificationTreeRequest req) Asynchronous version of getClassificationTree.
GetClassifiedObjectsResponse	getClassifiedObjects(
	GetClassifiedObjectsRequest req) Returns a collection of references to RegistryEntries classified under specified ClassificationItem.
void	getClassifiedObjectsAsync(
	GetClassifiedObjectsRequest req) Asynchronous version of getClassifiedObjects.
GetContentResponse	getContent() Returns the content of the specified Repository Item. The response includes all the content specified in the request as additional payloads within the response message.
void	getContentAsync() Async version of getContent.
GetRootClassificationNodesResponse	getRootClassificationNodes(
	GetRootClassificationNodesRequest req) Returns all root ClassificationNodes that match

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	the namePattern attribute in GetRootClassificationNodesRequest request.
	getRootClassificationNodesAsync(GetRootClassificationNodesRequest req) Async version of getRootClassificationNodes.
AdhocQueryResponse	submitAdhocQuery(AdhocQueryRequest req) Submit an ad hoc query request.
	<pre>submitAdhocQueryAsync(AdhocQueryRequest req) Async version of submitAdhocQuery.</pre>

455 **6.5 Interfaces Exposed By Registry Clients**

456 An ebXML Registry client implements the following interfaces.

457 **6.5.1 Interface RegistryClient**

458

This is the principal interface implemented by a Registry client. The client provides this interface when creating a connection to the Registry. It provides the methods that are used by the Registry to discover service-specific interfaces implemented by the client.

462

Method Summary				
<u>ObjectManagerClient</u>	getObjectManagerClient() Returns the ObjectManagerClient interface implemented by the client.			
ObjectQueryManagerClient	getObjectQueryManagerClient() Returns the ObjectQueryManagerClient interface implemented by the client.			

463

464 6.5.2 Interface ObjectManagerClient

465 _____ 466 This is

This is the client callback interface for the ObjectManager service of the Registry. The ObjectManager invokes its methods to notify the client about the results of a previously submitted request from the client to the ObjectManager service.

469

00/(11)	Registry April 2001
Met	hod Summary
void	addslotsAccepted(RequestAcceptedResponse resp) Notifies client that a previously submitted AddSlotsRequest was accepted by the Registry.
void	addslotsError (ebXMLError error) Notifies client that a previously submitted AddSlotsRequest was not accepted by the Registry due to an error.
void	approveObjectsAccepted(RequestAcceptedResponse resp) Notifies client that a previously submitted ApproveObjectsRequest was accepted by the Registry.
void	approveObjectsError (ebXMLError error) Notifies client that a previously submitted ApproveObjectsRequest was not accepted by the Registry due to an error.
void	deprecateObjectsAccepted(RequestAcceptedResponse resp) Notifies client that a previously submitted DeprecateObjectsRequest was accepted by the Registry.
void	deprecateObjectsError (ebXMLError error) Notifies client that a previously submitted DeprecateObjectsRequest was not accepted by the Registry due to an error.
void	removeObjectsAccepted(RequestAcceptedResponse resp) Notifies client that a previously submitted RemoveObjectsRequest was accepted by the Registry.
void	removeSlotsAccepted(RequestAcceptedResponse resp) Notifies client that a previously submitted RemoveSlotsRequest was accepted by the Registry.
void	removeObjectsError (ebXMLError error) Notifies client that a previously submitted RemoveObjectsRequest was not accepted by the Registry due to an error.
void	removeSlotsError (ebXMLError error) Notifies client that a previously submitted RemoveSlotsRequest was not accepted by the Registry due to an error.
void	<pre>submitObjectsAccepted(RequestAcceptedResponse resp) Notifies client that a previously submitted SubmitObjectsRequest was accepted by the Registry.</pre>
void	submitObjectsError(ebXMLError_error) Notifies client that a previously submitted SubmitObjectsRequest was not accepted by the Registry due to an error.

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471 6.5.3 Interface ObjectQueryManagerClient

472

This is the client callback interface for the ObjectQueryManager service of the Registry. The ObjectQueryManager invokes its methods to notify the client about the results of a previously submitted query request from the client to the ObjectQueryManager service.

476

Method Summary				
void	getClassificationTreeAsyncResponse(
	GetClassificationTreeResponse resp) Async response for getClassificationTreeAsync request.			
void	oid getClassifiedObjectsAsyncResponse(
	GetClassifiedObjectsResponse resp) Async response for getClassifiedObjectsAsync request.			
void	getContentAsyncResponse(GetContentResponse resp) Async response for getContent request.			
void	getRootClassificationNodesAsyncResponse(
	GetRootClassificationNodesResponse resp) Async response for getRootClassificationNodesAsync request.			
	submitAdhocQueryAsyncResponse (AdhocQueryResponse resp) Async response for submitAdhocQueryAsync request.			

477

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478 **7 Object Management Service**

This section defines the ObjectManagement service of the Registry. The Object

480 Management Service is a sub-service of the Registry service. It provides the

481 functionality required by RegistryClients to manage the life cycle of repository items

- 482 (e.g. XML documents required for ebXML business processes). The Object
- 483 Management Service can be used with all types of repository items as well as the
- 484 metadata objects specified in [ebRIM] such as Classification and Association.

The minimum *security policy* for an ebXML registry is to accept content from any client if

- the content is digitally signed by a certificate issued by a Certificate Authority
- 487 recognized by the ebXML registry. Submitting Organizations do not have to register
- 488 prior to submitting content.

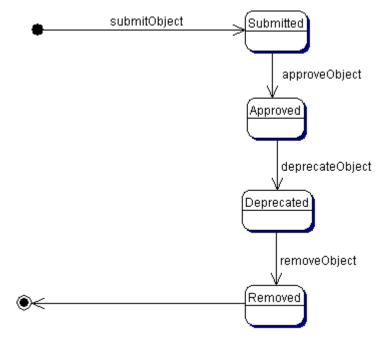
489 **7.1 Life Cycle of a Repository Item**

The main purpose of the ObjectManagement service is to manage the life cycle of repository items.

492 Figure 3 shows the typical life cycle of a repository item. Note that the current version of

this specification does not support Object versioning. Object versioning will be added in

a future version of this specification.



495 496

Figure 3: Life Cycle of a Repository Item

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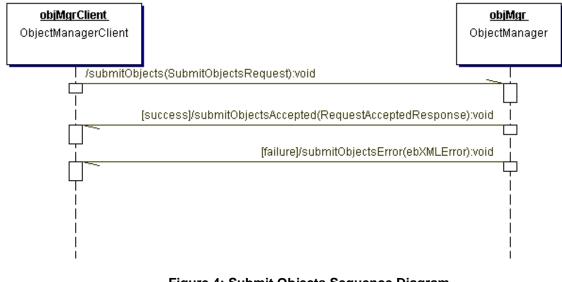
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497 **7.2 RegistryObject Attributes**

A repository item is associated with a set of standard metadata defined as attributes of
 the RegistryObject class and its sub-classes as described in [ebRIM]. These attributes
 reside outside of the actual repository item and catalog descriptive information about the
 repository item. XML elements called ExtrinsicObject and IntrinsicObject (See Appendix
 A.2 for details) encapsulate all object metadata attributes defined in [ebRIM] as XML
 attributes.

504 7.3 The Submit Objects Protocol

505 This section describes the protocol of the Registry Service that allows a RegistryClient 506 to submit one or more repository items to the repository using the *ObjectManager* on 507 behalf of a Submitting Organization. It is expressed in UML notation as described in 508 Appendix B.



509

510

Figure 4: Submit Objects Sequence Diagram

- 511 For details on the schema for the *Business documents* shown in this process refer to 512 Appendix A.2.
- 513 The SubmitObjectRequest message includes a RegistrEntryList element.
- 514 The RegistryEntryList element specifies one or more ExtrinsicObjects or other
- 515 RegistryEntries such as Classifications, Associations, ExternalLinks, or Packages.
- 516 An ExtrinsicObject element provides required metadata about the content being
- submitted to the Registry as defined by [ebRIM]. Note that these standard
- 518 ExtrinsicObject attributes are separate from the repository item itself, thus allowing the
- ebXML Registry to catalog objects of any object type.

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520 **7.3.1 Universally Unique ID Generation**

- As specified by [ebRIM], all objects in the registry have a unique id. The id must be a *Universally Unique Identifier (UUID)* and must conform to the to the format of a URN that specifies a DCE 128 bit UUID as specified in [UUID].
- 524 (e.g. urn:uuid:a2345678-1234-1234-123456789012)

525 This id is usually generated by the registry. The *id* attribute for submitted objects may 526 optionally be supplied by the client. If the client supplies the *id* and it conforms to the 527 format of a URN that specifies a DCE 128 bit UUID

then the registry assumes that the client wishes to specify the *id* for the object. In this case, the registry must honor a client-supplied *id* and use it as the *id* attribute of the object in the registry. If the *id* is found by the registry to not be globally unique, the

- registry must send an ebXMLError in response with an InvalidIdError message.
- 532 If the client does not supply an id for a submitted object then the registry must generate

a universally unique id. Whether the id is generated by the client or whether it is

generated by the registry, it must be generated using the DCE 128 bit UUID generation

algorithm as specified in [UUID].

536 7.3.2 ID Attribute And Object References

The id attribute of an object may be used by other objects to reference the first object. 537 Such references are common both within the SubmitObjectsRequest as well as within 538 the registry. Within a SubmitObjectsRequest, the id attribute may be used to refer to an 539 object within the SubmitObjectsRequest as well as to refer to an object within the 540 registry. An object in the SubmitObjectsRequest that needs to be referred to within the 541 request document may be assigned an id by the submitter so that it can be referenced 542 within the request. The submitter may give the object a proper unid URN, in which case 543 the id is permanently assigned to the object within the registry. Alternatively, the 544 submitter may assign an arbitrary id (not a proper uuid URN) as long as the id is unique 545 within the request document. In this case the id serves as a linkage mechanism within 546 the request document but must be ignored by the registry and replaced with a registry 547 generated id upon submission. 548

549 When an object in a SubmitObjectsRequest needs to reference an object that is already 550 in the registry, the request must contain an ObjectRef element whose id attribute is the 551 id of the object in the registry. This id is by definition a proper unid URN. An ObjectRef 552 may be viewed as a proxy within the request for an object that is in the registry.

553 7.3.3 Sample SubmitObjectsRequest

- 554 The following example shows several different use cases in a single
- 555 SubmitObjectsRequest. It does not show the complete ebXML Message with the

556 message header and additional payloads in the message for the repository items.

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<?xml version = "1.0" encoding = "UTF-8"?>

557 A SubmitObjectsRequest includes a RegistryEntryList which contains any number of 558 objects that are being submitted. It may also contain any number of ObjectRefs to link 559 objects being submitted to objects already within the registry.

<!DOCTYPE SubmitObjectsRequest SYSTEM "file:///home/najmi/Registry.dtd">

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```
<SubmitObjectsRequest>
  <RegistryEntryList>
    <!-
   The following 3 objects package specified ExtrinsicObject in specified
   Package, where both the Package and the ExtrinsicObject are
   being submitted
    -->
   <Package id = "acmePackage1" name = "Package #1" description = "ACME's package #1"/>
    <ExtrinsicObject id = "acmeCPP1" contentURI = "CPP1"
     objectType = "CPP" name = "Widget Profile"
     description = "ACME's profile for selling widgets"/>
    <Association id = "acmePackage1-acmeCPP1-Assoc" associationType = "Packages"</pre>
      sourceObject = "acmePackage1" targetObject = "acmeCPP1"/>
   <!-
   The following 3 objects package specified ExtrinsicObject in specified Package,
   Where the Package is being submitted and the ExtrinsicObject is
   already in registry
    -->
   <Package id = "acmePackage2" name = "Package #2" description = "ACME's package #2"/>
    <ObjectRef id = "urn:uuid:a2345678-1234-1234-123456789012"/>
    <Association id = "acmePackage2-alreadySubmittedCPP-Assoc"</pre>
      associationType = "Packages" sourceObject = "acmePackage2"
      targetObject = "urn:uuid:a2345678-1234-1234-123456789012"/>
   <!-
   The following 3 objects package specified ExtrinsicObject in specified Package,
   where the Package and the ExtrinsicObject are already in registry
   <ObjectRef id = "urn:uuid:b2345678-1234-1234-123456789012"/>
<ObjectRef id = "urn:uuid:c2345678-1234-1234-123456789012"/>
    <!-- id is unspecified implying that registry must create a uuid for this object -->
   <Association associationType = "Packages"</pre>
     sourceObject = "urn:uuid:b2345678-1234-1234-123456789012"
     targetObject = "urn:uuid:c2345678-1234-1234-123456789012"/>
    <!-
   The following 3 objects externally link specified ExtrinsicObject using
   specified ExternalLink, where both the ExternalLink and the ExtrinsicObject
   are being submitted
   <ExternalLink id = "acmeLink1" name = "Link #1" description = "ACME's Link #1"/>
   <ExtrinsicObject id = "acmeCPP2" contentURI = "CPP2" objectType = "CPP"</pre>
     name = "Sprockets Profile" description = "ACME's profile for selling sprockets"/>
    <Association id = "acmeLinkl-acmeCPP2-Assoc" associationType = "ExternallyLinks"</pre>
     sourceObject = "acmeLink1" targetObject = "acmeCPP2"/>
    <!--
   The following 2 objects externally link specified ExtrinsicObject using specified
   ExternalLink, where the ExternalLink is being submitted and the ExtrinsicObject
   is already in registry. Note that the targetObject points to an ObjectRef in a
   previous line
   <ExternalLink id = "acmeLink2" name = "Link #2" description = "ACME's Link #2"/>
    <Association id = "acmeLink2-alreadySubmittedCPP-Assoc"</pre>
     associationType = "ExternallyLinks" sourceObject = "acmeLink2"
      targetObject = "urn:uuid:a2345678-1234-1234-123456789012"/>
    <!--
```

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The following 2 objects externally identify specified ExtrinsicObject using specified ExternalIdentifier, where the ExternalIdentifier is being submitted and the ExtrinsicObject is already in registry. Note that the targetObject points to an ObjectRef in a previous line --> <ExternalIdentifier id = "acmeDUNSId" name = "DUNS" description = "DUNS ID for ACME"</pre> value = "13456789012"/> <Association id = "acmeDUNSId-alreadySubmittedCPP-Assoc"</pre> associationType = "ExternallyIdentifies" sourceObject = "acmeDUNSId" targetObject = "urn:uuid:a2345678-1234-1234-123456789012"/> <!--The following show submission of a brand new classification scheme in its entirety --> <ClassificationNode id = "geographyNode" name = "Geography" description = "The Geography scheme example from Registry Services Spec" /> <ClassificationNode id = "asiaNode" name = "Asia" description = "The Asia node under the Geography node" parent="geographyNode" /> <ClassificationNode id = "japanNode" name = "Japan" description ="The Japan node under the Asia node" parent="asiaNode" /> <ClassificationNode id = "koreaNode" name = "Korea" description ="The Korea node under the Asia node" parent="asiaNode" /> <ClassificationNode id = "europeNode" name = "Europe" description = "The Europe node under the Geography node" parent="geographyNode" /> <ClassificationNode id = "germanyNode" name = "Germany" description ="The Germany node under the Asia node" parent="europeNode" /> <ClassificationNode id = "northAmericaNode" name = "North America" description = "The North America node under the Geography node" parent="geographyNode" /> <ClassificationNode id = "usNode" name = "US" description ="The US node under the Asia node" parent="northAmericaNode" /> <!--The following show submission of a Automotive sub-tree of ClassificationNodes that gets added to an existing classification scheme named 'Industry' that is already in the registry <ObjectRef id="urn:uuid:d2345678-1234-1234-123456789012" /> <ClassificationNode id = "automotiveNode" name = "Automotive" description = "The Automotive sub-tree under Industry scheme" parent = "urn:uuid:d2345678-1234-1234-123456789012"/> <ClassificationNode id = "partSuppliersNode" name = "Parts Supplier" description = "The Parts Supplier node under the Automotive node" parent="automotiveNode" /> <ClassificationNode id = "engineSuppliersNode" name = "Engine Supplier" description = "The Engine Supplier node under the Automotive node" parent="automotiveNode" /> <!--The following show submission of 2 Classifications of an object that is already in the registry using 2 ClassificationNodes. One ClassificationNode is being submitted in this request (Japan) while the other is already in the registry. --> <Classification id = "japanClassification" description = "Classifies object by /Geography/Asia/Japan node" classifiedObject="urn:uuid:a2345678-1234-1234-123456789012" classificationNode="japanNode" /> <Classification id = "classificationUsingExistingNode" description = "Classifies object using a node in the registry" classifiedObject="urn:uuid:a2345678-1234-1234-123456789012" classificationNode="urn:uuid:e2345678-1234-1234-123456789012" /> <ObjectRef id="urn:uuid:e2345678-1234-1234-123456789012" /> </RegistryEntryList>

</SubmitObjectsRequest>

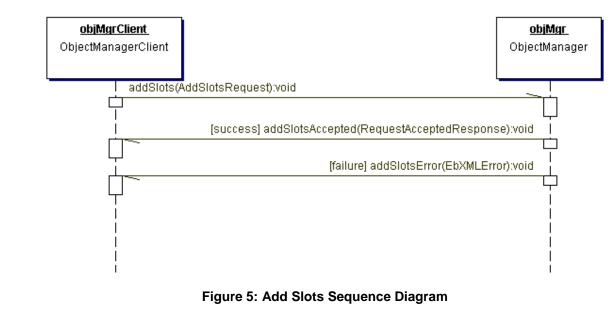
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690 **7.4 The Add Slots Protocol**

This section describes the protocol of the Registry Service that allows a client to add

slots to a previously submitted registry entry using the ObjectManager. Slots provide a

693 dynamic mechanism for extending registry entries as defined by [ebRIM].

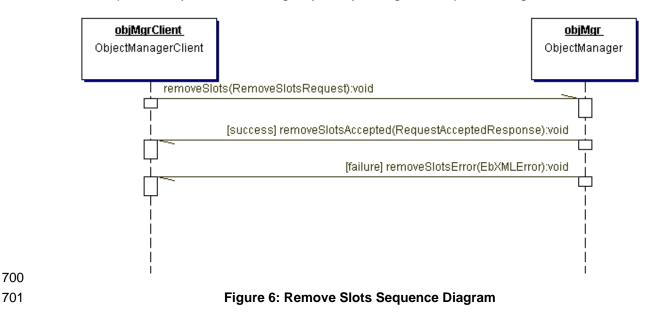


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697 **7.5 The Remove Slots Protocol**

This section describes the protocol of the Registry Service that allows a client to remove slots to a previously submitted registry entry using the ObjectManager.



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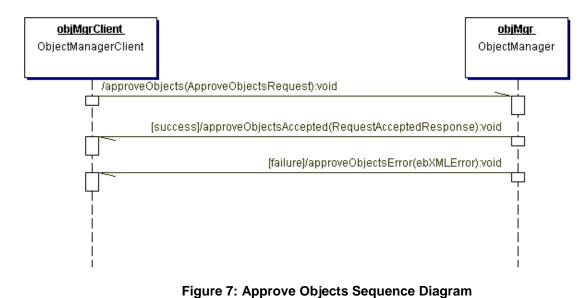
702 **7.6 The Approve Objects Protocol**

703 This section describes the protocol of the Registry Service that allows a client to

approve one or more previously submitted repository items using the ObjectManager.

Once a repository item is approved it will become available for use by business parties

(e.g. during the assembly of new CPAs and Collaboration Protocol Profiles).



For details on the schema for the business documents shown in this process refer to Appendix A.2.

711 7.7 The Deprecate Objects Protocol

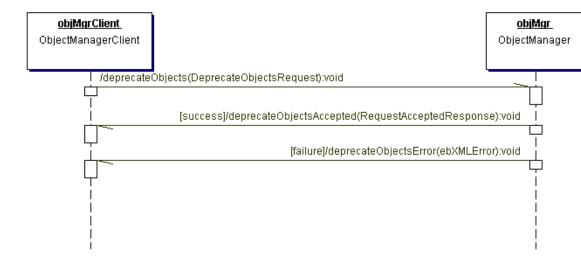
This section describes the protocol of the Registry Service that allows a client to

713 deprecate one or more previously submitted repository items using the ObjectManager.

Once an object is deprecated, no new references (e.g. *new* Associations,

715 Classifications and ExternalLinks) to that object can be submitted. However, existing

references to a deprecated object continue to function normally.



717 718

Figure 8: Deprecate Objects Sequence Diagram

For details on the schema for the business documents shown in this process refer to Appendix A.2.

721 7.8 The Remove Objects Protocol

This section describes the protocol of the Registry Service that allows a client to remove one or more RegistryEntry instances and/or repository items using the ObjectManager.

The RemoveObjectsRequest message is sent by a client to remove RegistryEntry

instances and/or repository items. The RemoveObjectsRequest element includes an

726 XML attribute called *deletionScope* which is an enumeration that can have the values as

727 defined by the following sections.

728 7.8.1 Deletion Scope DeleteRepositoryItemOnly

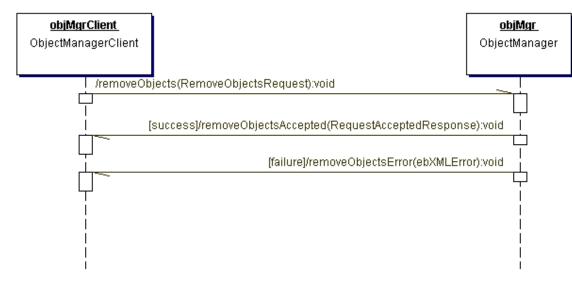
729 This deletionScope specifies that the request should delete the repository items for the

specified registry entries but not delete the specified registry entries. This is useful in
 keeping references to the registry entries valid.

732 7.8.2 Deletion Scope DeleteAll

- This deletionScope specifies that the request should delete both the RegistryEntry and
- the repository item for the specified registry entries. Only if all references (e.g.
- Associations, Classifications, ExternalLinks) to a RegistryEntry have been removed, can
- that RegistryEntry then be removed using a RemoveObjectsRequest with
- deletionScope DeleteAll. Attempts to remove a RegistryEntry while it still has references
- results in an InvalidRequestError that is returned within an ebXMLError message sent to
- the ObjectManagerClient by the ObjectManager.
- The remove object protocol is expressed in UML notation as described in Appendix B.

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741 742

Figure 9: Remove Objects Sequence Diagram

For details on the schema for the business documents shown in this process refer to Appendix A.2.

745 8 Object Query Management Service

- This section describes the capabilities of the Registry Service that allow a client
- 747 (ObjectQueryManagerClient) to search for or query RegistryEntries in the ebXML
- 748 Registry using the ObjectQueryManager interface of the Registry.
- The Registry supports multiple query capabilities. These include the following:
- 1. Browse and Drill Down Query
- 751 2. Filtered Query
- 752 3. SQL Query

The browse and drill down query in Section 8.1 and the filtered query mechanism in Section 8.2 SHALL be supported by every Registry implementation. The SQL query

754 Section 8.2 SHALL be supported by every Registry implementation. The SQL query 755 mechanism is an optional feature and MAY be provided by a registry implementation.

756 However, if a vendor provides an SQL guery capability to an ebXML Registry it SHALL

- conform to this document. As such this capability is a normative yet optional capability.
- In a future version of this specification, the W3C XQuery syntax may be considered as another query syntax.
- Any errors in the query request messages are indicated in the corresponding query
- response message. Note that for each query request/response there is both a
- synchronous and asynchronous version of the interaction.

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763 8.1 Browse and Drill Down Query Support

- The browse and drill drown query style is supported by a set of interaction protocols
- between the ObjectQueryManagerClient and the ObjectQueryManager. Sections 8.1.1,
- 766 8.1.2 and 8.1.3 describe these protocols.

767 8.1.1 Get Root Classification Nodes Request

- 768 An ObjectQueryManagerClient sends this request to get a list of root
- 769 ClassificationNodes defined in the repository. Root classification nodes are defined as
- nodes that have no parent. Note that it is possible to specify a namePattern attribute
- that can filter on the name attribute of the root ClassificationNodes. The namePattern
- must be specified using a wildcard pattern defined by SQL-92 LIKE clause as definedby [SQL].





Figure 10: Get Root Classification Nodes Sequence Diagram



777

Figure 11: Get Root Classification Nodes Asynchronous Sequence Diagram

For details on the schema for the business documents shown in this process refer to Appendix A.2.

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ebXML Registry Services Specification
```

780 8.1.2 Get Classification Tree Request

781 An ObjectQueryManagerClient sends this request to get the ClassificationNode sub-tree

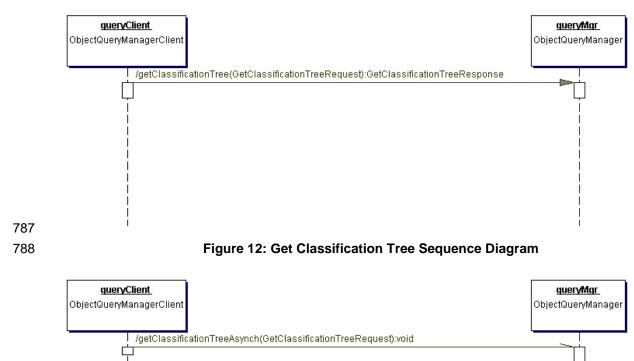
defined in the repository under the ClassificationNodes specified in the request. Note

that a GetClassificationTreeRequest can specify an integer attribute called *depth* to get

the sub-tree up to the specified depth. If *depth* is the default value of 1, then only the

immediate children of the specified ClassificationNodeList are returned. If *depth* is 0 or a

negative number then the entire sub-tree is retrieved.



789 790

Figure 13: Get Classification Tree Asynchronous Sequence Diagram

/getClassificationTreeAsynchResponse(GetClassificationTreeResponse):void

For details on the schema for the business documents shown in this process refer to Appendix A.2.

793 8.1.3 Get Classified Objects Request

An ObjectQueryManagerClient sends this request to get a list of RegistryEntries that are classified by all of the specified ClassificationNodes (or any of their descendants), as specified by the ObjectRefList in the request.

	ebXML Registry	April 2001
797	It is possible to get RegistryEntries based on matches with	multiple classifications. Note
798	that specifying a ClassificationNode is implicitly specifying	a logical OR with all
799	descendants of the specified ClassificationNode.	
800	When a GetClassifiedObjectsRequest is sent to the Object	QueryManager it should

- 801 return Objects that are:
- 1. Either directly classified by the specified ClassificationNode
- 2. Or are directly classified by a descendant of the specified ClassificationNode
- 804 8.1.3.1 Get Classified Objects Request Example



805 806

Figure 14: A Sample Geography Classification

- Let us say a classification tree has the structure shown in Figure 14:
- If the Geography node is specified in the GetClassifiedObjectsRequest then the GetClassifiedObjectsResponse should include all RegistryEntries that are directly classified by Geography *or* North America *or* US *or* Asia *or* Japan *or* Korea *or* Europe *or* Germany.
- If the Asia node is specified in the GetClassifiedObjectsRequest then the
 GetClassifiedObjectsResponse should include all RegistryEntries that are directly
 classified by Asia *or* Japan *or* Korea.
- If the Japan and Korea nodes are specified in the GetClassifiedObjectsRequest
 then the GetClassifiedObjectsResponse should include all RegistryEntries that
 are directly classified by both Japan and Korea.
- If the North America and Asia node is specified in the
 GetClassifiedObjectsRequest then the GetClassifiedObjectsResponse should
 include all RegistryEntries that are directly classified by (North America or US)
 and (Asia or Japan or Korea).
- 822
- 823

823 8.2 Filter Query Support

FilterQuery is an XML syntax that provides simple query capabilities for any ebXML conforming Registry implementation. Each query alternative is directed against a single class defined by the ebXML Registry Information Model (ebRIM). The result of such a query is a set of identifiers for instances of that class. A FilterQuery may be a standalone query or it may be the initial action of a ReturnRegistryEntry query or a ReturnRepositoryItem query.

A client submits a FilterQuery, a ReturnRegistryEntry query, or a ReturnRepositoryItem

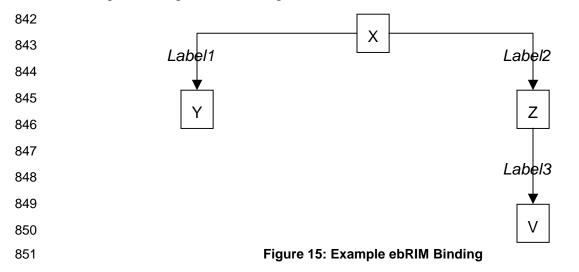
query to the ObjectQueryManager as part of an AdhocQueryRequest. The

832 ObjectQueryManager sends an AdhocQueryResponse back to the client, enclosing the 833 appropriate FilterQueryResponse, ReturnRegistryEntryResponse, or

834 ReturnRepositoryItemResponse specified herein. The sequence diagrams for

AdhocQueryRequest and AdhocQueryResponse are specified in Section 8.4.

Each FilterQuery alternative is associated with an ebRIM Binding that identifies a
hierarchy of classes derived from a single class and its associations with other classes
as defined by ebRIM. Each choice of a class pre-determines a virtual XML document
that can be queried as a tree. For example, let X be a class, let Y and Z be classes that
have direct associations to X, and let V be a class that is associated with Z. The ebRIM
Binding for X might be as in Figure 15.



Label1 identifies an association from X to Y, Label2 identifies an association from X to Z, and Label3 identifies an association from Z to V. Labels can be omitted if there is no ambiguity as to which ebRIM association is intended. The name of the query is determined by the root class, i.e. this is an ebRIM Binding for an XQuery. The Y node in the tree is limited to the set of Y instances that are linked to X by the association identified by Label1. Similarly, the Z and V nodes are limited to instances that are linked to their parent node by the identified association.

Each FilterQuery alternative depends upon one or more *class filters*, where a class filter is a restricted *predicate clause* over the attributes of a single class. The supported class filters are specified in Section 8.2.9 and the supported predicate clauses are defined in Section 8.2.10. A FilterQuery will be composed of elements that traverse the tree to determine which branches satisfy the designated class filters, and the query result will be the set of root node instances that support such a branch.

In the above example, the XQuery element will have three subelements, one an XFilter on the X class to eliminate X instances that do not satisfy the predicate of the XFilter, another a YFilter on the Y class to eliminate branches from X to Y where the target of the association does not satisfy the YFilter, and a third to eliminate branches along a path from X through Z to V. The third element is called a *branch* element because it allows class filters on each class along the path from X to V. In general, a branch element will have subelements that are themselves class filters, other branch elements,

or a full blown query on the terminal class in the path.

If an association from a class X to a class Y is one-to-zero or one-to-one, then at most
one branch or filter element on Y is allowed. However, if the association is one-to-many,
then multiple filter or branch elements are allowed. This allows one to specify that an
instance of X must have associations with multiple instances of Y before the instance of
X is said to satisfy the branch element.

- The FilterQuery syntax is tied to the structures defined in ebRIM. Since ebRIM is intended to be stable, the FilterQuery syntax is stable. However, if new structures are added to the ebRIM, then the FilterQuery syntax and semantics can be extended at the
- 881 same time.

Support for FilterQuery is required of every conforming ebXML Registry implementation,
 but other query options are possible. The Registry will hold a self-describing CPP that
 identifies all supported AdhocQuery options. This profile is described in Section 6.1.

The ebRIM Binding paragraphs in Sections 8.2.2 through 8.2.6 below identify the virtual hierarchy for each FilterQuery alternative. The Semantic Rules for each query alternative specify the effect of that binding on query semantics.

- The ReturnRegistryEntry and ReturnRepositoryItem services defined below provide a
 way to structure an XML document as an expansion of the result of a
 RegistryEntryQuery. The ReturnRegistryEntry element specified in Section 8.2.7 allows
 one to specify what metadata one wants returned with each registry entry identified in
 the result of a RegistryEntryQuery. The ReturnRepositoryItem specified in Section
 8.2.8 allows one to specify what repository items one wants returned based on their
- relationships to the registry entries identified by the result of a RegistryEntryQuery.

895 8.2.1 FilterQuery

896 Purpose

To identify a set of registry instances from a specific registry class. Each alternative assumes a specific binding to ebRIM. The query result for each query alternative is a set of references to instances of the root class specified by the binding. The StatusResult is a success indication or a collection of warnings and/or exceptions.

```
901
     Definition
902
903
        <!ELEMENT FilterQuery
904
              RegistryEntryQuery
         (
905
              AuditableEventQuery
906
              ClassificationNodeQuery
907
              RegistryPackageQuery
908
              OrganizationQuery
                                       ) >
909
910
        <!ELEMENT FilterQueryResult
911
             RegistryEntryQueryResult
          (
912
              AuditableEventQueryResult
              ClassificationNodeQueryResult
913
914
              RegistryPackageQueryResult
915
              OrganizationQueryResult
                                       ) >
916
917
        <!ELEMENT RegistryEntryQueryResult ( RegistryEntryView* )>
918
919
        <!ELEMENT RegistryEntryView EMPTY >
920
        <!ATTLIST RegistryEntryView
921
           objectURN CDATA
                                   #REQUIRED
922
           contentURI
                         CDATA
                                   #IMPLIED
923
           objectID
                         CDATA
                                   #IMPLIED >
924
925
        <!ELEMENT AuditableEventQueryResult ( AuditableEventView* )>
926
927
        <!ELEMENT AuditableEventView EMPTY >
928
        <!ATTLIST AuditableEventView
929
           objectID CDATA #REQUIRED
930
                        CDATA
                                  #REQUIRED >
           timestamp
931
932
        <!ELEMENT ClassificationNodeQueryResult
933
                       (ClassificationNodeView*)>
934
935
        <!ELEMENT ClassificationNodeView EMPTY >
936
        <!ATTLIST ClassificationNodeView
937
           objectURN CDATA #REOUIRED
938
           contentURI
                         CDATA
                                   #IMPLIED
939
           objectID
                        CDATA
                                  #IMPLIED >
940
941
        <!ELEMENT RegistryPackageQueryResult ( RegistryPackageView* )>
942
943
        <!ELEMENT RegistryPackageView EMPTY >
944
        <!ATTLIST RegistryPackageView
```

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ebXML Registry

```
945
            objectURN
                           CDATA
                                      #REOUIRED
946
            contentURI
                           CDATA
                                      #IMPLIED
947
            objectID
                           CDATA
                                      #IMPLIED >
948
949
         <!ELEMENT OrganizationQueryResult ( OrganizationView* )>
950
951
         <!ELEMENT OrganizationView EMPTY >
952
         <!ATTLIST OrganizationView
953
            orgURN CDATA #REQUIRED
954
                          CDATA
                                     #IMPLIED >
            objectID
955
956
         <!ELEMENT StatusResult ( Success | ( Exception | Warning )+ )>
957
958
         <!ELEMENT Success EMPTY >
959
960
         <!ELEMENT Exception ( #PCDATA )>
961
         <!ATTLIST Exception
962
            code CDATA #REQUIRED >
963
964
        <!ELEMENT Warning ( #PCDATA )>
965
         <!ATTLIST Warning
966
            code CDATA #REQUIRED >
967
      Semantic Rules

    The semantic rules for each FilterQuery alternative are specified in subsequent

968
         subsections.
969
      2. Each FilterQueryResult is a set of XML reference elements to identify each instance
970
         of the result set. Each XML attribute carries a value derived from the value of an
971
         attribute specified in the Registry Information Model as follows:
972

    a) objectID is the value of the ID attribute of the RegistryObject class,

973
         b) objectURN and orgURN are URN values derived from the object ID,
974
         c) contentURI is a URL value derived from the contentURI attribute of the
975
            RegistryEntry class,
976
         d) timestamp is a literal value to represent the value of the timestamp attribute of
977
            the AuditableEvent class.
978
      An Exception indicates that The FilterQuery was not successful, so the
979
         FilterQueryResult is empty. A warning indicates that the FilterQuery was successful,
980
         so the FilterQueryResult is accurate, but the warning may give additional information
981
         back to the user.
982
      4. If any exception or warning results, then it is returned as the appropriate alternative
983
         of the StatusResult element. In an ebXML Message Services environment,
984
         Exceptions and Warnings will map to an "ErrorList" element as specified by [ebTRP].
985
         See Appendix A.1.
986
987
```

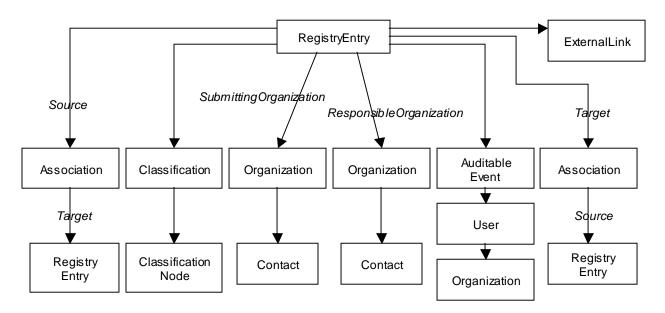
987 8.2.2 RegistryEntryQuery

988 Purpose

To identify a set of registry entry instances as the result of a query over selected registry metadata.

991 ebRIM Binding

992



993

Definition	
ELEMENT RegistryEntryQuery</th <th></th>	
TargetAssociationBranch*,	
HasClassificationBranch*,	
SubmittingOrganizationBranch?,	
1 5 .	
) >
RASAUGICADIELVENCBIANCH") -
ELEMENT SourceAssociationBranch</td <td></td>	
(AssociationFilter?,	
RegistryEntryFilter?) >
RegistryEntryFilter?) >
<pre><!--ELEMENT HasClassificationBranch</td--><td></td></pre>	
	<pre><!--ELEMENT RegistryEntryQuery (RegistryEntryFilter?, SourceAssociationBranch*, TargetAssociationBranch*, HasClassificationBranch*, SubmittingOrganizationBranch?, ResponsibleOrganizationBranch?, ExternalLinkFilter*, HasAuditableEventBranch* <!ELEMENT SourceAssociationBranch (AssociationFilter?, RegistryEntryFilter? <!ELEMENT TargetAssociationBranch (AssociationFilter?, RegistryEntryFilter? </!ELEMENT TargetAssociationBranch </!ELEMENT TargetAssoc</td--></pre>

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	ebXML Registry		April 2001
1016	ClassificationNodeFilter?) >	
1017			
1018	ELEMENT SubmittingOrganizationBrane</td <td>ch</td> <td></td>	ch	
1019	<pre>(OrganizationFilter?,</pre>		
1020	ContactFilter?) >	
1021			
1022	ELEMENT ResponsibleOrganizationBran</td <td>nch</td> <td></td>	nch	
1023	(OrganizationFilter?,		
1024	ContactFilter?) >	
1025			
1026	ELEMENT HasAuditableEventBranch</td <td></td> <td></td>		
1027	(AuditableEventFilter?,		
1028	UserFilter?,		
1029	OrganizationFilter?) >	

1030 Semantic Rules

- Let RE denote the set of all persistent RegistryEntry instances in the Registry. The
 following steps will eliminate instances in RE that do not satisfy the conditions of the
 specified filters.
- a) If a RegistryEntryFilter is not specified, or if RE is empty, then continue below;
 otherwise, let x be a registry entry in RE. If x does not satisfy the
 RegistryEntryFilter as defined in Section 8.2.9, then remove x from RE.
- b) If a SourceAssociationBranch element is not specified, or if RE is empty, then
 continue below; otherwise, let x be a remaining registry entry in RE. If x is not the
 source object of some Association instance, then remove x from RE; otherwise,
 treat each SourceAssociationBranch element separately as follows:
- If no AssociationFilter is specified within SourceAssociationBranch, then let AF 1041 be the set of all Association instances that have x as a source object; otherwise, 1042 let AF be the set of Association instances that satisfy the AssociationFilter and 1043 have x as the source object. If AF is empty, then remove x from RE. If no 1044 RegistryEntryFilter is specified within SourceAssociationBranch, then let RET be 1045 the set of all RegistryEntry instances that are the target object of some element 1046 of AF; otherwise, let RET be the set of RegistryEntry instances that satisfy the 1047 RegistryEntryFilter and are the target object of some element of AF. If RET is 1048 empty, then remove x from RE. 1049
- c) If a TargetAssociationBranch element is not specified, or if RE is empty, then
 continue below; otherwise, let x be a remaining registry entry in RE. If x is not the
 target object of some Association instance, then remove x from RE; otherwise,
 treat each TargetAssociationBranch element separately as follows:

	EDVINI	_ Registry April 2001
1054 1055 1056 1057 1058 1059 1060 1061 1062		If no AssociationFilter is specified within TargetAssociationBranch, then let AF be the set of all Association instances that have x as a target object; otherwise, let AF be the set of Association instances that satisfy the AssociationFilter and have x as the target object. If AF is empty, then remove x from RE. If no RegistryEntryFilter is specified within TargetAssociationBranch, then let RES be the set of all RegistryEntry instances that are the source object of some element of AF; otherwise, let RES be the set of RegistryEntry instances that satisfy the RegistryEntryFilter and are the source object of some element of AF. If RES is empty, then remove x from RE.
1063 1064 1065 1066	d)	If a HasClassificationBranch element is not specified, or if RE is empty, then continue below; otherwise, let x be a remaining registry entry in RE. If x is not the source object of some Classification instance, then remove x from RE; otherwise, treat each HasClassificationBranch element separately as follows:
1067 1068 1069 1070 1071 1072 1073 1074 1075 1076		If no ClassificationFilter is specified within the HasClassificationBranch, then let CL be the set of all Classification instances that have x as a source object; otherwise, let CL be the set of Classification instances that satisfy the ClassificationFilter and have x as the source object. If CL is empty, then remove x from RE. If no ClassificationNodeFilter is specified within HasClassificationBranch, then let CN be the set of all ClassificationNode instances that are the target object of some element of CL; otherwise, let CN be the set of RegistryEntry instances that satisfy the ClassificationNodeFilter and are the target object of some element of CL. If CN is empty, then remove x from RE.
1077 1078 1079 1080 1081 1082 1083 1084 1085 1086 1087 1088	e)	If a SubmittingOrganizationBranch element is not specified, or if RE is empty, then continue below; otherwise, let x be a remaining registry entry in RE. If x does not have a submitting organization, then remove x from RE. If no OrganizationFilter is specified within SubmittingOrganizationBranch, then let SO be the set of all Organization instances that are the submitting organization for x; otherwise, let SO be the set of Organization instances that satisfy the OrganizationFilter and are the submitting organization for x. If SO is empty, then remove x from RE. If no ContactFilter is specified within SubmittingOrganization for x. If SO is empty, then remove x from RE. If no ContactFilter is specified within SubmittingOrganizationBranch, then let CT be the set of all Contact instances that are the contacts for some element of SO; otherwise, let CT be the set of Contact instances that satisfy the ContactFilter and are the contacts for some element of SO. If CT is empty, then remove x from RE.

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- ebXML Registry April 2001 f) If a ResponsibleOrganizationBranch element is not specified, or if RE is empty, 1089 then continue below; otherwise, let x be a remaining registry entry in RE. If x 1090 does not have a responsible organization, then remove x from RE. If no 1091 OrganizationFilter is specified within ResponsibleOrganizationBranch, then let 1092 1093 RO be the set of all Organization instances that are the responsible organization for x; otherwise, let RO be the set of Organization instances that satisfy the 1094 OrganizationFilter and are the responsible organization for x. If RO is empty, then 1095 remove x from RE. If no ContactFilter is specified within 1096 SubmittingOrganizationBranch, then let CT be the set of all Contact instances 1097 that are the contacts for some element of RO; otherwise, let CT be the set of 1098 Contact instances that satisfy the ContactFilter and are the contacts for some 1099 element of RO. If CT is empty, then remove x from RE. 1100 1101 g) If an ExternalLinkFilter element is not specified, or if RE is empty, then continue below; otherwise, let x be a remaining registry entry in RE. If x is not linked to 1102 some ExternalLink instance, then remove x from RE; otherwise, treat each 1103 ExternalLinkFilter element separately as follows: 1104 Let EL be the set of ExternalLink instances that satisfy the ExternalLinkFilter and 1105 are linked to x. If EL is empty, then remove x from RE. 1106 h) If a HasAuditableEventBranch element is not specified, or if RE is empty, then 1107 1108 continue below; otherwise, let x be a remaining registry entry in RE. If x is not linked to some AuditableEvent instance, then remove x from RE; otherwise, treat 1109 each HasAuditableEventBranch element separately as follows: 1110 If an AuditableEventFilter is not specified within HasAuditableEventBranch, then 1111 let AE be the set of all AuditableEvent instances for x; otherwise, let AE be the 1112 set of AuditableEvent instances that satisfy the AuditableEventFilter and are 1113 1114 auditable events for x. If AE is empty, then remove x from RE. If a UserFilter is not specified within HasAuditableEventBranch, then let AI be the set of all User 1115 instances linked to an element of AE; otherwise, let AI be the set of User 1116 instances that satisfy the UserFilter and are linked to an element of AE. If AI is 1117 empty, then remove x from RE. If an OrganizationFilter is not specified within 1118 HasAuditableEventBranch, then let OG be the set of all Organization instances 1119 that are linked to an element of AI; otherwise, let OG be the set of Organization 1120 instances that satisfy the OrganizationFilter and are linked to an element of AI. If 1121 1122 OG is empty, then remove x from RE. 2. If RE is empty, then raise the warning: registry entry guery result is empty; 1123 otherwise, return RE as the result of the RegistryEntryQuery. 1124 3. Return any accumulated warnings or exceptions as the StatusResult associated with 1125 1126 the RegistryEntryQuery.
- 1127
- 1128
- 1129

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1130 Examples

1126

A client wants to establish a trading relationship with XYZ Corporation and wants to know if they have registered any of their business documents in the Registry. The following query returns a set of registry entry identifiers for currently registered items submitted by any organization whose name includes the string "XYZ". It does not return any registry entry identifiers for superceded, replaced, deprecated, or withdrawn items.

1130		
1137	<registryentryquery></registryentryquery>	
1138	<registryentryfilter></registryentryfilter>	
1139	status EQUAL "Approved"	code by Clause, Section 8.2.10
1140		
1141	<submittingorganizationbranch></submittingorganizationbranch>	
1142	<organizationfilter></organizationfilter>	
1143	name CONTAINS "XYZ"	code by Clause, Section 8.2.10
1144		-
1145		
1146		
1147		

A client is using the United Nations Standard Product and Services Classification
(UNSPSC) scheme and wants to identify all companies that deal with products
classified as "Integrated circuit components", i.e. UNSPSC code "321118". The client
knows that companies have registered their party profile documents in the Registry, and
that each profile has been classified by the products the company deals with. The
following query returns a set of registry entry identifiers for profiles of companies that
deal with integrated circuit components.

1100	
1156	<registryentryquery></registryentryquery>
1157	<registryentryfilter></registryentryfilter>
1158	objectType EQUAL "CPP" AND code by Clause, Section 8.2.10
1159	status EQUAL "Approved"
1160	
1161	<hasclassificationbranch></hasclassificationbranch>
1162	<classificationnodefilter></classificationnodefilter>
1163	id STARTSWITH "urn:un:spsc:321118" code by Clause, Section 8.2.10
1164	
1165	<hasclassificationbranch></hasclassificationbranch>
1166	

1167

A client application needs all items that are classified by two different classification schemes, one based on "Industry" and another based on "Geography". Both schemes have been defined by ebXML and are registered. The root nodes of each scheme are identified by "urn:ebxml:cs:industry" and "urn:ebxml:cs:geography", respectively. The following query identifies registry entries for all registered items that are classified by "Industry/Automotive" and by "Geography/Asia/Japan".

11741175117611761177<ClassificationNodeFilter>

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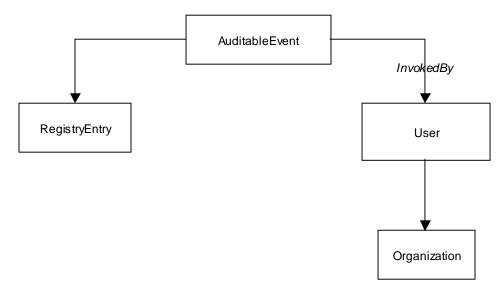
	ebXML Registry	April 2001
1178 1179 1180 1181 1182 1183 1184 1185 1186	<pre>id STARTSWITH "urn:ebxml:cs:industry" path EQUAL "Industry/Automotive" ClassificationNodeFilter> id STARTSWITH "urn:ebxml:cs:geography path EQUAL "Geography/Asia/Japan" </pre>	code by Clause, Section 8.2.10
1187	A client encliention wich as to identify all registry Decker	in instances that have a given
1188 1189 1190 1191	A client application wishes to identify all registry Packag registry entry as a member of the package. The followin packages that contain the registry entry identified by UR member:	g query identifies all registry
1192 1193 1194 1195 1196 1197 1198 1199 1200 1201 1202 1203	 <sourceassociationbranch></sourceassociationbranch>	code by Clause, Section 8.2.10 ode by Clause, Section 8.2.10
1204		
1205 1206 1207 1208	A client application wishes to identify all ClassificationNe given keyword as part of their name or description. The registry classification nodes that contain the keyword "tr or as part of their description.	following query identifies all
1209 1210 1211	<registryentryquery> <registryentryfilter></registryentryfilter></registryentryquery>	

1210	<registryentryquery></registryentryquery>
1211	<registryentryfilter></registryentryfilter>
1212	ObjectType="ClassificationNode" AND
1213	(name CONTAINS "transistor" OR code by Clause, Section 8.2.10
1214	description CONTAINS "transistor")
1215	
1216	
1217	

ebXML Registry Services Specification

1217 8.2.3 AuditableEventQuery

- 1218 Purpose
- 1219 To identify a set of auditable event instances as the result of a query over selected
- 1220 registry metadata.
- 1221 ebRIM Binding



1222 Definition

1223 1224 1225 1226 1227 1228	ELEMENT AuditableEventQuery<br (AuditableEventFilter?, RegistryEntryQuery*, InvokedByBranch?)>
1229	ELEMENT InvokedByBranch</td
1230	(UserFilter?,
1231	OrganizationQuery?)>

- 1232
- 1233 Semantic Rules
- Let AE denote the set of all persistent AuditableEvent instances in the Registry. The
 following steps will eliminate instances in AE that do not satisfy the conditions of the
 specified filters.
- 1237

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ebXML Registry April 2001 a) If an AuditableEventFilter is not specified, or if AE is empty, then continue below; 1238 otherwise, let x be an auditable event in AE. If x does not satisfy the 1239 AuditableEventFilter as defined in Section 8.2.9, then remove x from AE. 1240 b) If a RegistryEntryQuery element is not specified, or if AE is empty, then continue 1241 below; otherwise, let x be a remaining auditable event in AE. Treat each 1242 RegistryEntryQuery element separately as follows: 1243 Let RE be the result set of the RegistryEntryQuery as defined in Section 8.2.2. If 1244 x is not an auditable event for some registry entry in RE, then remove x from AE. 1245 c) If an InvokedByBranch element is not specified, or if AE is empty, then continue 1246 below; otherwise, let x be a remaining auditable event in AE. 1247 Let u be the user instance that invokes x. If a UserFilter element is specified 1248 within the InvokedByBranch, and if u does not satisfy that filter, then remove x 1249 from AE; otherwise, continue below. 1250 If an OrganizationQuery element is not specified within the InvokedByBranch, 1251 then continue below; otherwise, let OG be the set of Organization instances that 1252 are identified by the organization attribute of u and are in the result set of the 1253 OrganizationQuery. If OG is empty, then remove x from AE. 1254 2. If AE is empty, then raise the warning: auditable event query result is empty. 1255 Return AE as the result of the AuditableEventQuery. 1256 1257 4. Return any accumulated warnings or exceptions as the StatusResult associated with the AuditableEventQuery. 1258

1259 Examples

A Registry client has registered an item and it has been assigned a URN identifier "urn:path:myitem". The client is now interested in all events since the beginning of the year that have impacted that item. The following query will return a set of AuditableEvent identifiers for all such events.

1264

```
1265 <AuditableEventquery>
1266 <AuditableEventFilter>
1267 timestamp GE "2001-01-01" AND -- code by Clause, Section 8.2.10
1268 registryEntry EQUAL "urn:path:myitem"
1269 </AuditableEventFilter>
1270 </AuditableEventQuery>
```

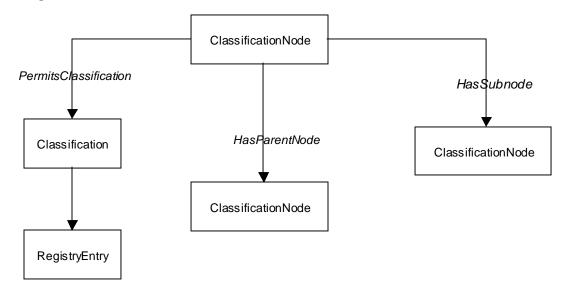
1271

A client company has many registered objects in the Registry. The Registry allows
events submitted by other organizations to have an impact on your registered items,
e.g. new classifications and new associations. The following query will return a set of
identifiers for all auditable events, invoked by some other party, that had an impact on
an item submitted by "myorg" and for which "myorg" is the responsible organization.

1278	<auditableeventquery></auditableeventquery>	·
1279	<registryentryquery></registryentryquery>	
1280	<submittingorganizationbranch></submittingorganizationbranch>	
1281	<organizationfilter></organizationfilter>	
1282	id EQUAL "urn:somepath:myorg"	code by Clause, Section 8.2.10
1283		
1284		
1285	<responsibleorganizationbranch></responsibleorganizationbranch>	
1286	<pre><organizationfilter></organizationfilter></pre>	
1287	id EQUAL "urn:somepath:myorg"	code by Clause, Section 8.2.10
1288		
1289		
1290		
1291	<invokedbybranch></invokedbybranch>	
1292	<organizationquery></organizationquery>	
1293	<organizationfilter></organizationfilter>	
1294	id -EQUAL "urn:somepath:myorg"	code by Clause, Section 8.2.10
1295		·
1296		
1297		
1298		
1299		

1299 8.2.4 ClassificationNodeQuery

- 1300 Purpose
- 1301 To identify a set of classification node instances as the result of a query over selected
- 1302 registry metadata.
- 1303 ebRIM Binding



1304 **Definition**

1305 1306 1307 1308 1309	(C] Pe	NT ClassificationNodeQuer LassificationNodeFilter?, ermitsClassificationBranc	
		asParentNode?,	
1310	Ha	asSubnode*) >
1311			
1312	ELEMEN</td <td>NT PermitsClassificationE</td> <td>ranch</td>	NT PermitsClassificationE	ranch
1313	(C]	lassificationFilter?,	
1314	Re	egistryEntryQuery?) >
1315			
1316	ELEMEN</td <td>NT HasParentNode</td> <td></td>	NT HasParentNode	
1317	(C]	lassificationNodeFilter?,	
1318	Ha	asParentNode?) >
1319			
1320	ELEMEN</td <td>NT HasSubnode</td> <td></td>	NT HasSubnode	
1321	(C]	lassificationNodeFilter?,	
1322	Ha	asSubnode*) >
1323			
1324			

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ebXML Registry April 2001 1325 Semantic Rules 1326 1. Let CN denote the set of all persistent ClassificationNode instances in the Registry. The following steps will eliminate instances in CN that do not satisfy the conditions of 1327 the specified filters. 1328 a) If a ClassificationNodeFilter is not specified, or if CN is empty, then continue 1329 below; otherwise, let x be a classification node in CN. If x does not satisfy the 1330 ClassificationNodeFilter as defined in Section 8.2.9, then remove x from AE. 1331 b) If a PermitsClassificationBranch element is not specified, or if CN is empty, then 1332 1333 continue below; otherwise, let x be a remaining classification node in CN. If x is not the target object of some Classification instance, then remove x from CN; 1334 otherwise, treat each PermitsClassificationBranch element separately as follows: 1335 If no ClassificationFilter is specified within the PermitsClassificationBranch 1336 element, then let CL be the set of all Classification instances that have x as the 1337 target object: otherwise, let CL be the set of Classification instances that satisfy 1338 the ClassificationFilter and have x as the target object. If CL is empty, then 1339 remove x from CN. If no RegistryEntryQuery is specified within the 1340 1341 PermitsClassificationBranch element, then let RES be the set of all RegistryEntry instances that are the source object of some classification instance in CL: 1342 otherwise, let RE be the result set of the RegistryEntryQuery as defined in 1343 Section 8.2.2 and let RES be the set of all instances in RE that are the source 1344 object of some classification in CL. If RES is empty, then remove x from CN. 1345 c) If a HasParentNode element is not specified, or if CN is empty, then continue 1346 below; otherwise, let x be a remaining classification node in CN and execute the 1347 following paragraph with n=x. 1348 Let n be a classification node instance. If n does not have a parent node (i.e. if n 1349 is a root node), then remove x from CN. Let p be the parent node of n. If a 1350 ClassificationNodeFilter element is directly contained in HasParentNode and if p 1351 does not satisfy the ClassificationNodeFilter, then remove x from CN. 1352 1353 If another HasParentNode element is directly contained within this HasParentNode element, then repeat the previous paragraph with n=p. 1354 d) If a HasSubnode element is not specified, or if CN is empty, then continue below: 1355 otherwise, let x be a remaining classification node in CN. If x is not the parent 1356 node of some ClassificationNode instance, then remove x from CN: otherwise, 1357 1358 treat each HasSubnode element separately and execute the following paragraph with n = x. 1359 Let n be a classification node instance. If a ClassificationNodeFilter is not 1360 specified within the HasSubnode element then let CNC be the set of all 1361 classification nodes that have n as their parent node; otherwise, let CNC be the 1362 set of all classification nodes that satisfy the ClassificationNodeFilter and have n 1363 as their parent node. If CNC is empty then remove x from CN; otherwise, let y be 1364 an element of CNC and continue with the next paragraph. 1365

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ebXML Registry April 2001 If the HasSubnode element is terminal, i.e. if it does not directly contain another 1366 HasSubnode element, then continue below; otherwise, repeat the previous 1367 paragraph with the new HasSubnode element and with n = y. 1368 2. If CN is empty, then raise the warning: classification node query result is empty. 1369 3. Return CN as the result of the ClassificationNodeQuery. 1370 4. Return any accumulated warnings or exceptions as the StatusResult associated with 1371 the ClassificationNodeQuery. 1372 **Examples** 1373 A client application wishes to identify all classification nodes defined in the Registry that 1374 are root nodes and have a name that contains the phrase "product code" or the phrase 1375 1376 "product type". Note: By convention, if a classification node has no parent (i.e. is a root node), then the parent attribute of that instance is set to null and is represented as a 1377 literal by a zero length string. 1378 1379 1380 <ClassificationNodeOuery> 1381 <ClassificationNodeFilter> 1382 -- code by Clause, Section 8.2.10 (name CONTAINS "product code" OR 1383 name CONTAINS "product type") AND 1384 parent EQUAL "" 1385 </ClassificationNodeFilter> 1386 </ClassificationNodeQuery> 1387 A client application wishes to identify all of the classification nodes at the third level of a 1388 classification scheme hierarchy. The client knows that the URN identifier for the root 1389 node is "urn:ebxml:cs:myroot". The following query identifies all nodes at the second 1390 level under "myroot" (i.e. third level overall). 1391 1392 1393 <ClassificationNodeQuery> 1394 <HasParentNode> 1395 <HasParentNode> 1396 <ClassificationNodeFilter>

id EQ "urn:ebxml:cs:myroot"

</ClassificationNodeFilter>

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</HasParentNode>

</ClassificationNodeQuery>

</HasParentNode>

1397

1398

1399

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1401

1402

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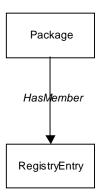
-- code by Clause, Section 8.2.10

1402 8.2.5 RegistryPackageQuery

1403 Purpose

1404 To identify a set of registry package instances as the result of a query over selected

- 1405 registry metadata.
- 1406 ebRIM Binding



1407 **Definition**

1408		
1409	ELEMENT RegistryPackageQuer</td <td>У</td>	У
1410	<pre>(PackageFilter?,</pre>	
1411	HasMemberBranch*)>	
1412		
1413	ELEMENT HasMemberBranch</td <td></td>	
1414	(RegistryEntryQuery?)	>

1415

1416 Semantic Rules

- Let RP denote the set of all persistent Package instances in the Registry. The
 following steps will eliminate instances in RP that do not satisfy the conditions of the
 specified filters.
- a) If a PackageFilter is not specified, or if RP is empty, then continue below;
 otherwise, let x be a package instance in RP. If x does not satisfy the
 PackageFilter as defined in Section 8.2.9, then remove x from RP.
- b) If a HasMemberBranch element is not directly contained in the
 RegistryPackageQuery, or if RP is empty, then continue below; otherwise, let x
 be a remaining package instance in RP. If x is an empty package, then remove x
 from RP; otherwise, treat each HasMemberBranch element separately as
 follows:

1428

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ebXML Registry April 2001 1429 If a RegistryEntryQuery element is not directly contained in the HasMemberBranch element, then let PM be the set of all RegistryEntry instances 1430 that are members of the package x; otherwise, let RE be the set of RegistryEntry 1431 instances returned by the RegistryEntryQuery as defined in Section 8.2.2 and let 1432 1433 PM be the subset of RE that are members of the package x. If PM is empty, then remove x from RP. 1434 1435 2. If RP is empty, then raise the warning: registry package query result is empty. 3. Return RP as the result of the RegistryPackageQuery. 1436 1437 4. Return any accumulated warnings or exceptions as the StatusResult associated with the RegistryPackageQuery. 1438 **Examples** 1439 A client application wishes to identify all package instances in the Registry that contain 1440 an Invoice extrinsic object as a member of the package. 1441 1442 1443 <RegistryPackageOuery> 1444 <HasMemberBranch> 1445 <RegistryEntryQuery> 1446 <RegistryEntryFilter> 1447 -- code by Clause, Section 8.2.10 objectType EQ "Invoice" 1448 </RegistryEntryFilter> 1449 </RegistryEntryQuery> 1450 </HasMemberBranch> 1451 </RegistryPackageQuery>

A client application wishes to identify all package instances in the Registry that are not empty.

1455 1456 <RegistryEntryQuery> 1457 <HasMemberBranch/> 1458 </RegistryEntryQuery> 1459

A client application wishes to identify all package instances in the Registry that are
empty. Since the RegistryPackageQuery is not set up to do negations, clients will have
to do two separate RegistryPackageQuery requests, one to find all packages and
another to find all non-empty packages, and then do the set difference themselves.
Alternatively, they could do a more complex RegistryEntryQuery and check that the
packaging association between the package and its members is non-existent.

<u>Note</u>: A registry package is an intrinsic RegistryEntry instance that is completely
determined by its associations with its members. Thus a RegistryPackageQuery can
always be re-specified as an equivalent RegistryEntryQuery using appropriate "Source"
and "Target" associations. However, the equivalent RegistryEntryQuery is often more
complicated to write.

1471

1452

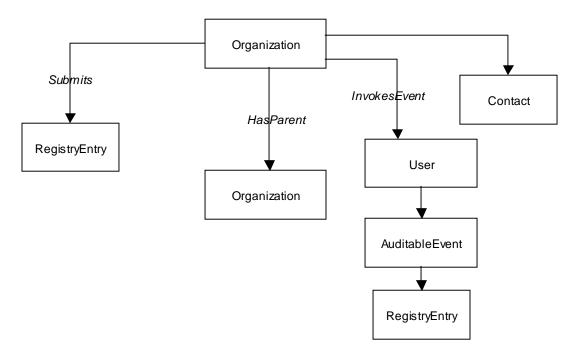
1471 8.2.6 OrganizationQuery

1472 Purpose

1473 To identify a set of organization instances as the result of a query over selected registry

1474 metadata.

1475 ebRIM Binding



1476

1477 1478	Definition
1479	ELEMENT OrganizationOuery</th
1480	(OrganizationFilter?,
1481	SubmitsRegistryEntry*,
1482	HasParentOrganization?,
1483	InvokesEventBranch*,
1484	ContactFilter)>
1485	
1486	ELEMENT SubmitsRegistryEntry (RegistryEntryQuery?)
1487	
1488	ELEMENT HasParentOrganization</th
1489	(OrganizationFilter?,
1490	HasParentOrganization?)>
1491	
1492	ELEMENT InvokesEventBranch</th
1493	(UserFilter?,
1494	AuditableEventFilter?,
1495	RegistryEntryQuery?)>

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ebXML Registry April 2001 1496 Semantic Rules 1. Let ORG denote the set of all persistent Organization instances in the Registry. The 1497 following steps will eliminate instances in ORG that do not satisfy the conditions of 1498 the specified filters. 1499 a) If an OrganizationFilter element is not directly contained in the 1500 OrganizationQuery element, or if ORG is empty, then continue below; otherwise, 1501 let x be an organization instance in ORG. If x does not satisfy the 1502 OrganizationFilter as defined in Section 8.2.9, then remove x from RP. 1503 1504 b) If a SubmitsRegistryEntry element is not specified within the OrganizationQuery, or if ORG is empty, then continue below; otherwise, consider each 1505 SubmitsRegistryEntry element separately as follows: 1506 If no RegistryEntryQuery is specified within the SubmitsRegistryEntry element, 1507 then let RES be the set of all RegistryEntry instances that have been submitted 1508 to the Registry by organization x; otherwise, let RE be the result of the 1509 RegistryEntryQuery as defined in Section 8.2.2 and let RES be the set of all 1510 instances in RE that have been submitted to the Registry by organization x. If 1511 1512 RES is empty, then remove x from ORG. c) If a HasParentOrganization element is not specified within the 1513 OrganizationQuery, or if ORG is empty, then continue below; otherwise, execute 1514 the following paragraph with o = x: 1515 Let o be an organization instance. If an OrganizationFilter is not specified within 1516 the HasParentOrganization and if o has no parent (i.e. if o is a root organization 1517 in the Organization hierarchy), then remove x from ORG; otherwise, let p be the 1518 parent organization of o. If p does not satisfy the OrganizationFilter, then remove 1519 x from ORG. 1520 1521 If another HasParentOrganization element is directly contained within this HasParentOrganization element, then repeat the previous paragraph with o = p. 1522 1523 d) If an InvokesEventBranch element is not specified within the OrganizationQuery, or if ORG is empty, then continue below; otherwise, consider each 1524 InvokesEventBranch element separately as follows: 1525 If an UserFilter is not specified, and if x is not the submitting organization of some 1526 AuditableEvent instance, then remove x from ORG. If an AuditableEventFilter is 1527 not specified, then let AE be the set of all AuditableEvent instances that have x 1528 as the submitting organization; otherwise, let AE be the set of AuditableEvent 1529 instances that satisfy the AuditableEventFilter and have x as the submitting 1530 organization. If AE is empty, then remove x from ORG. If a RegistryEntryQuery is 1531 not specified in the InvokesEventBranch element, then let RES be the set of all 1532 RegistryEntry instances associated with an event in AE; otherwise, let RE be the 1533 result set of the RegistryEntryQuery, as specified in Section 8.2.2, and let RES 1534 be the subset of RE of entries submitted by x. If RES is empty, then remove x 1535 from ORG. 1536

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ebXML Registry April 2001 e) If a ContactFilter is not specified within the OrganizationQuery, or if ORG is 1537 empty, then continue below; otherwise, consider each ContactFilter separately as 1538 1539 follows: 1540 Let CT be the set of Contact instances that satisfy the ContactFilter and are the contacts for organization x. If CT is empty, then remove x from ORG. 1541 1542 2. If ORG is empty, then raise the warning: organization query result is empty. 3. Return ORG as the result of the OrganizationQuery. 1543 4. Return any accumulated warnings or exceptions as the StatusResult associated with 1544 the OrganizationQuery. 1545 **Examples** 1546 A client application wishes to identify a set of organizations, based in France, that have 1547 submitted a PartyProfile extrinsic object this year. 1548 1549 1550 <OrganizationQuery> 1551 <OrganizationFilter> 1552 country EQUAL "France" -- code by Clause, Section 8.2.10 1553 </OrganizationFilter> 1554 <SubmitsRegistryEntry> 1555 <RegistryEntryQuery> 1556 <RegistryEntryFilter> 1557 objectType EQUAL "CPP" -- code by Clause, Section 8.2.10 1558 </RegistryEntryFilter> 1559 <HasAuditableEventBranch> 1560 <AuditableEventFilter> 1561 timestamp GE "2001-01-01" -- code by Clause, Section 8.2.10 1562 </AuditableEventFilter> 1563 </HasAuditableEventBranch>

1564</RegistryEntryQuery>1565</SubmitsRegistryEntry>1566</OrganizationQuery>

1567

A client application wishes to identify all organizations that have XYZ, Corporation as a parent. The client knows that the URN for XYZ, Corp. is urn:ebxml:org:xyz, but there is no guarantee that subsidiaries of XYZ have a URN that uses the same format, so a full query is required.

1572 1573 <OrganizationQuery> 1574 <HasParentOrganization> 1575 <OrganizationFilter> 1576 id EQUAL "urn:ebxml:org:xyz" -- code by Clause, Section 8.2.10 1577 </OrganizationFilter> 1578 </HasParentOrganization> 1579 </OrganizationQuery> 1580

1580 **8.2.7 ReturnRegistryEntry**

1581 Purpose

1582 To construct an XML document that contains selected registry metadata associated with

- the registry entries identified by a RegistryEntryQuery. NOTE: Initially, the
- 1584 RegistryEntryQuery could be the URN identifier for a single registry entry.
- 1585 **Definition**

4 - 00

1586	
1587	ELEMENT ReturnRegistryEntry</td
1588	(RegistryEntryQuery,
1589	WithClassifications?,
1590	WithSourceAssociations?,
1591	WithTargetAssociations?,
1592	WithAuditableEvents?,
1593	WithExternalLinks?)>
1594	
1595	ELEMENT WithClassifications (ClassificationFilter?)
1596	ELEMENT WithSourceAssociations (AssociationFilter?)
1597	ELEMENT WithTargetAssociations (AssociationFilter?)
1598	ELEMENT WithAuditableEvents (AuditableEventFilter?)
1599	ELEMENT WithExternalLinks (ExternalLinkFilter?)
1600	
1601	ELEMENT ReturnRegistryEntryResult</td
1602	<pre>(RegistryEntryMetadata*, StatusResult)></pre>
1603	
1604	ELEMENT RegistryEntryMetadata</td
1605	(RegistryEntry,
1606	Classification*,
1607 1608	SourceAssociations?,
1609	TargetAssociations?, AuditableEvent*,
1610	ExternalLink*)>
1611	
1612	ELEMENT SourceAssociations (Association*)
1613	ELEMENT TargetAssociations (Association*)

- 1614 Semantic Rules
- The RegistryEntry, Classification, Association, AuditableEvent, and ExternalLink
 elements contained in the ReturnRegistryEntryResult are defined by the ebXML
 Registry DTD specified in Appendix A.2.
- Execute the RegistryEntryQuery according to the Semantic Rules specified in
 Section 8.2.2, and let R be the result set of identifiers for registry entry instances. Let
 S be the set of status elements returned in the StatusResult. If any status element
 in S is an exception condition, then stop execution and return the same StatusResult
 element in the ReturnRegistryEntryResult.

ebXML Registry April 2001 3. If the set R is empty, then do not return a RegistryEntryMetadata subelement in the 1623 ReturnRegistryEntryResult. Instead, raise the warning: no resulting registry entry. 1624 Add this warning to the StatusResult returned by the RegistryEntryQuery and return 1625 this enhanced StatusResult with the ReturnRegistryEntryResult. 1626 4. For each registry entry E referenced by an element of R, use the attributes of E to 1627 create a new RegistryEntry element as defined in Appendix A.2. Then create a new 1628 RegistryEntryMetadata element as defined above to be the parent element of that 1629 RegistryEntry element. 1630 5. If no With option is specified, then the resulting RegistryEntryMetadata element has 1631 no Classification, SourceAssociations, TargetAssociations, AuditableEvent, or 1632 ExternalData subelements. The set of RegistryEntryMetadata elements, with the 1633 StatusResult from the RegistryEntryQuery, is returned as the 1634 ReturnRegistryEntryResult. 1635 1636 6. If WithClassifications is specified, then for each E in R do the following: If a ClassificationFilter is not present, then let C be any classification instance linked to 1637 E; otherwise, let C be a classification instance linked to E that satisfies the 1638 ClassificationFilter (Section 8.2.9). For each such C, create a new Classification 1639 element as defined in Appendix A.2. Add these Classification elements to their 1640 parent RegistryEntryMetadata element. 1641 7. If WithSourceAssociations is specified, then for each E in R do the following: If an 1642 AssociationFilter is not present, then let A be any association instance whose source 1643 1644 object is E; otherwise, let A be an association instance that satisfies the AssociationFilter (Section 8.2.9) and whose source object is E. For each such A. 1645 create a new Association element as defined in Appendix A.2. Add these 1646 Association elements as subelements of the WithSourceAssociations and add that 1647 element to its parent RegistryEntryMetadata element. 1648 1649 8. If WithTargetAssociations is specified, then for each E in R do the following: If an AssociationFilter is not present, then let A be any association instance whose target 1650 object is E; otherwise, let A be an association instance that satisfies the 1651 AssociationFilter (Section 8.2.9) and whose target object is E. For each such A, 1652 create a new Association element as defined in Appendix A.2. Add these 1653 Association elements as subelements of the WithTargetAssociations and add that 1654 element to its parent RegistryEntryMetadata element. 1655 9. If WithAuditableEvents is specified, then for each E in R do the following: If an 1656 AuditableEventFilter is not present, then let A be any auditable event instance linked 1657 to E; otherwise, let A be any auditable event instance linked to E that satisfies the 1658 AuditableEventFilter (Section 8.2.9). For each such A, create a new AuditableEvent 1659 element as defined in Appendix A.2. Add these AuditableEvent elements to their 1660 parent RegistryEntryMetadata element. 1661

ebXML Registry April 2001 10. If WithExternalLinks is specified, then for each E in R do the following: If an 1662 ExternalLinkFilter is not present, then let L be any external link instance linked to E; 1663 otherwise, let L be any external link instance linked to E that satisfies the 1664 ExternalLinkFilter (Section 8.2.9). For each such D, create a new ExternalLink 1665 element as defined in Appendix A.2. Add these ExternalLink elements to their parent 1666 RegistryEntryMetadata element. 1667 1668 11. If any warning or exception condition results, then add the code and the message to the StatusResult that came from the RegistryEntryQuery result. 1669 12. Return the set of RegistryEntryMetadata elements and the revised StatusResult as 1670 the content of the ReturnRegistryEntryResult. 1671 1672 **Examples** 1673 A customer of XYZ Corporation has been using a PurchaseOrder DTD registered by 1674 XYZ some time ago. Its URN identifier is "urn:com:xyz:po:325". The customer wishes to 1675 check on the current status of that DTD, especially if it has been superceded or 1676 replaced, and get all of its current classifications. The following guery request will return 1677 an XML document with the registry entry for the existing DTD as the root, with all of its 1678 classifications, and with associations to registry entries for any items that have 1679 superceded or replaced it. 1680 1681 1682 <ReturnRegistryEntry> 1683 <RegistryEntryQuery> 1684 <RegistryEntryFilter> 1685 id EQUAL "urn:com:xyz:po:325" -- code by Clause, Section 8.2.10 1686 </RegistryEntryFilter> 1687 </RegistryEntryQuery> 1688 <WithClassifications/> 1689 <WithSourceAssociations> 1690 -- code by Clause, Section 8.2.10 <AssociationFilter> 1691 associationType EQUAL "SupercededBy" OR 1692 associationType EQUAL "ReplacedBy" 1693 </AssociationFilter> 1694 </WithSourceAssociations> 1695 </ReturnRegistryEntry>

1696

1697 A client of the Registry registered an XML DTD several years ago and is now thinking of replacing it with a revised version. The identifier for the existing DTD is 1698 "urn:xyz:dtd:po97". The proposed revision is not completely upward compatible with the 1699 existing DTD. The client desires a list of all registered items that use the existing DTD 1700 so they can assess the impact of an incompatible change. The following query returns 1701 an XML document that is a list of all RegistryEntry elements that represent registered 1702 items that use, contain, or extend the given DTD. The document also links each 1703 RegistryEntry element in the list to an element for the identified association. 1704 1705 <ReturnRegistryEntry>

1706 <RegistryEntryQuery>

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1707	<sourceassociationbranch></sourceassociationbranch>
1708	<pre><associationfilter> code by Clause, Section 8.2.10</associationfilter></pre>
1709	associationType EQUAL "Contains" OR
1710	associationType EQUAL "Uses" OR
1711	associationType EQUAL "Extends"
1712	
1713	<pre><registryentryfilter> code by Clause, Section 8.2.10</registryentryfilter></pre>
1714	id EQUAL "urn:xyz:dtd:po97"
1715	
1716	
1717	
1718	<withsourceassociations></withsourceassociations>
1719	<pre><associationfilter> code by Clause, Section 8.2.10</associationfilter></pre>
1720	associationType EQUAL "Contains" OR
1721	associationType EQUAL "Uses" OR
1722	associationType EQUAL "Extends"
1723	
1724	
1725	

1726

A user has been browsing the registry and has found a registry entry that describes a
package of core-components that should solve the user's problem. The package URN
identifier is "urn:com:cc:pkg:ccstuff". Now the user wants to know what's in the package.
The following query returns an XML document with a registry entry for each member of
the package along with that member's Uses and HasMemberBranch associations.

1732	
1733	<returnregistryentry></returnregistryentry>
1734	<registryentryquery></registryentryquery>
1735	<targetassociationbranch></targetassociationbranch>
1736	<pre><associationfilter> code by Clause, Section 8.2.10</associationfilter></pre>
1737	associationType EQUAL "HasMember"
1738	
1739	<registryentryfilter> code by Clause, Section 8.2.10</registryentryfilter>
1740	id EQUAL " urn:com:cc:pkg:ccstuff "
1741	
1742	
1743	
1744	<withsourceassociations></withsourceassociations>
1745	<pre><associationfilter> code by Clause, Section 8.2.10</associationfilter></pre>
1746	associationType EQUAL "HasMember" OR
1747	associationType EQUAL "Uses"
1748	
1749	
1750	
1751	

1751 8.2.8 ReturnRepositoryItem

1752 Purpose

To construct an XML document that contains one or more repository items, and some associated metadata, by submitting a RegistryEntryQuery to the registry/repository that holds the desired objects. NOTE: Initially, the RegistryEntryQuery could be the URN identifier for a single registry entry.

1757	Definition
1758	
1759	ELEMENT ReturnRepositoryItem</td
1760	(RegistryEntryQuery,
1761	RecursiveAssociationOption?,
1762	WithDescription?)>
1763	
1764	ELEMENT RecursiveAssociationOption (AssociationType+)
1765	ATTLIST RecursiveAssociationOption</td
1766	depthLimit CDATA #IMPLIED >
1767	
1768	ELEMENT AssociationType EMPTY
1769	ATTLIST AssociationType</td
1770	role CDATA #REQUIRED >
1771	
1772	ELEMENT WithDescription EMPTY
1773	
1774	ELEMENT ReturnRepositoryItemResult</td
1775	(RepositoryItem*, StatusResult)>
1776	
1777	ELEMENT RepositoryItem</td
1778	(ClassificationScheme
1779 1780	RegistryPackage ExtrinsicObject
1781	WithdrawnObject
1782	ExternalLinkItem)>
1783	ATTLIST RepositoryItem</td
1784	identifier CDATA #REQUIRED
1785	name CDATA #REQUIRED
1786	contentURI CDATA #REQUIRED
1787	objectType CDATA #REQUIRED
1788 1789	status CDATA #REQUIRED stability CDATA #REQUIRED
1790	description CDATA #IMPLIED >
1791	
1792	ELEMENT ExtrinsicObject (#PCDATA)
1793	ATTLIST ExtrinsicObject</td
1794	byteEncoding CDATA "Base64" >
1795	
1796	ELEMENT WithdrawnObject EMPTY
1797	
1798	ELEMENT ExternalLinkItem EMPTY
1799	
1800	
1801	

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ebXML Registry April 2001 1802 Semantic Rules 1803 1. If the RecursiveOption element is not present, then set Limit=0. If the RecursiveOption element is present, interpret its depthLimit attribute as an integer 1804 literal. If the depthLimit attribute is not present, then set Limit = -1. A Limit of 0 1805 means that no recursion occurs. A Limit of -1 means that recursion occurs 1806 indefinitely. If a depthLimit value is present, but it cannot be interpreted as a positive 1807 integer, then stop execution and raise the exception: invalid depth limit; otherwise, 1808 set Limit=N, where N is that positive integer. A Limit of N means that exactly N 1809 recursive steps will be executed unless the process terminates prior to that limit. 1810 2. Set Depth=0. Let Result denote the set of RepositoryItem elements to be returned 1811 as part of the ReturnRepositoryItemResult. Initially Result is empty. Semantic rules 1812 4 through 10 determine the content of Result. 1813 3. If the WithDescription element is present, then set WSD="yes"; otherwise, set 1814 WSD="no". 1815 Execute the RegistryEntryQuery according to the Semantic Rules specified in 1816 Section 8.2.2, and let R be the result set of identifiers for registry entry instances. Let 1817 S be the set of status elements returned in the StatusResult. If any status element 1818 in S is an exception condition, then stop execution and return the same StatusResult 1819 element in the ReturnRepositoryItemResult. 1820 5. Execute Semantic Rules 6 and 7 with X as a set of registry references derived from 1821 1822 R. After execution of these rules, if Depth is now equal to Limit, then return the content of Result as the set of RepositoryItem elements in the 1823 ReturnRepositoryItemResult element; otherwise, continue with Semantic Rule 8. 1824 6. Let X be a set of RegistryEntry instances. For each registry entry E in X, do the 1825 following: 1826 a) If E.contentURI references a repository item in this registry/repository, then 1827 create a new RepositoryItem element, with values for its attributes derived as 1828 specified in Semantic Rule 7. 1829 1) If E.objectType="ClassificationScheme", then put the referenced 1830 ClassificationScheme DTD as the subelement of this RepositoryItem. 1831 [NOTE: Requires DTD specification!] 1832 2) If E.objectType="RegistryPackage", then put the referenced 1833 RegistryPackage DTD as the subelement of this RepositoryItem. [NOTE: 1834 Requires DTD specification!] 1835 3) Otherwise, i.e., if the object referenced by E has an unknown internal 1836 structure, then put the content of the repository item as the #PCDATA of a 1837 new ExtrinsicObject subelement of this RepositoryItem. 1838 b) If E.objectURL references a registered object in some other registry/repository, 1839 then create a new RepositoryItem element, with values for its attributes derived 1840 as specified in Semantic Rule 7, and create a new ExternalLink element as the 1841 subelement of this RepositoryItem. 1842

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1843 1844 1845 1846	c) If E.objectURL is void, i.e. the object it would have rewithdrawn, then create a new RepositoryItem element attributes derived as specified in Semantic Rule 7, a WithdrawnObject element as the subelement of this	ent, with values for its and create a new
1847 1848 1849 1850 1851	 Let E be a registry entry and let RO be the Repositorylt Semantic Rule 6. Set the attributes of RO to the values corresponding attributes of E. If WSD="yes", include the attribute; otherwise, do not include it. Insert this new Re Result set. 	derived from the e value of the description
1852 1853	 Let R be defined as in Semantic Rule 4. Execute Sema of RegistryEntry instances referenced by R. Then contin 	
1854 1855 1856	 Let Y be a set of references to RegistryEntry instances. set of RegistryEntry instances. For each registry entry E AssociationType A of the RecursiveAssociationOption, 	E in Y, and for each
1857 1858	 a) Let Z be the set of target items E' linked to E under a E as the source object, E' as the target object, and A 	
1859	b) Add the elements of Z to NextLevel.	
1860 1861	10.Let X be the set of new registry entries that are in NextL represented in the Result set.	_evel but are not yet
1862	Case:	
1863 1864	 a) If X is empty, then return the content of Result as the elements in the ReturnRepositoryItemResult element 	
1865 1866 1867 1868 1869	b) If X is not empty, then execute Semantic Rules 6 an When finished, add the elements of X to Y and set I now equal to Limit, then return the content of Result elements in the ReturnRepositoryItemResult elemer Semantic Rules 9 and 10 with the new set Y of regis	Depth=Depth+1. If Depth is as the set of RepositoryItem ht; otherwise, repeat
1870 1871 1872 1873	 If any exception, warning, or other status condition resu the above, then return appropriate status elements as the ReturnRepositoryItemResult element created in Seman 10. 	he Status Result of the
1874		
1875	Examples	
1876	A registry client has found a registry entry for a core-compo	onent item. The item's URN

A registry client has found a registry entry for a core-component item. The item's URN identity is "urn:ebxml:cc:goodthing". But "goodthing" is a composite item that uses many other registered items. The client desires the collection of all items needed for a complete implementation of "goodthing". The following query returns an XML document that is a collection of all needed items.

1881

ebXML Registry Services Specification

	ebXML Registry	April 2001
1882 1883 1884 1885 1886 1887 1888 1889 1890 1891 1892	<returnrepositoryitem> <registryentryquery> <registryentryfilter> CC id EQUAL "urn:ebxml:cc:goodthing" </registryentryfilter> </registryentryquery> <recursiveassociationoption> <associationtype role="Uses"></associationtype> <associationtype <br="" role="ValidatesTo"></associationtype></recursiveassociationoption> </returnrepositoryitem>	ode by Clause, Section 8.2.10
1893		
1894 1895 1896 1897 1898	A registry client has found a reference to a core-com ("urn:ebxml:cc:rtn:nice87") that implements a given b that all routines have a required association to its def following query returns both the routine and its UML items in a single XML document.	business process. The client knows fining UML specification. The
1899 1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909	<returnrepositoryitem> <registryentryquery> <registryentryfilter> CO id EQUAL "urn:ebxml:cc:rtn:nice87" </registryentryfilter> </registryentryquery> <recursiveassociationoption depthlimit:<br=""><associationtype <br="" role="ValidatesTo"></associationtype></recursiveassociationoption> </returnrepositoryitem>	ode by Clause, Section 8.2.10 ="1" > />
1910		
1911 1912 1913 1914	A user has been told that the 1997 version of the No System (NAICS) is stored in a registry with URN ider following query would retrieve the complete classifica as an XML document that validates to a classification	ntifier "urn:nist:cs:naics-1997". The ation scheme, with all 1810 nodes,

1915 1916 <ReturnRepositoryItem> 1917 <RegistryEntryQuery> 1918 -- code by Clause, Section 8.2.10 <RegistryEntryFilter> 1919 id EQUAL "urn:nist:cs:naics-1997" 1920 </RegistryEntryFilter> 1921 </RegistryEntryQuery> 1922 </ReturnRepositoryItem> 1923

Note: The ReturnRepositoryItemResult would include a single RepositoryItem that
 consists of a ClassificationScheme document whose content is determined by the URL
 <u>ftp://xsun.sdct.itl.nist.gov/regrep/scheme/naics.txt</u>.

1927

ebXML Registry Services Specification

1927 8.2.9 Registry Filters

1928 Purpose

1929 To identify a subset of the set of all persistent instances of a given registry class.

1930	Definition
1931	
1932	ELEMENT ObjectFilter (Clause)
1933	
1934	ELEMENT RegistryEntryFilter (Clause)
1935 1936	ELEMENT IntrinsicObjectFilter (Clause)
1930	<pre><!--ELEMENT INCLINICODJectFilter (clause)--></pre>
1938	ELEMENT ExtrinsicObjectFilter (Clause)
1939	
1940	ELEMENT PackageFilter (Clause)
1941	
1942	ELEMENT OrganizationFilter (Clause)
1943 1944	
1944	ELEMENT ContactFilter (Clause)
1946	ELEMENT ClassificationNodeFilter (Clause)
1947	
1948	ELEMENT AssociationFilter (Clause)
1949	
1950	ELEMENT ClassificationFilter (Clause)
1951	
1952	ELEMENT ExternalLinkFilter (Clause)
1953	
1954 1955	ELEMENT AuditableEventFilter (Clause)
1955	ELEMENT UserFilter (Clause)
1057	

1957

1958 Semantic Rules

1959 1. The Clause element is defined in Section 8.2.10, Clause.

 For every ObjectFilter XML element, the leftArgument attribute of any containing SimpleClause shall identify a public attribute of the RegistryObject UML class defined in [ebRIM]. If not, raise exception: *object attribute error*. The ObjectFilter returns a set of identifiers for RegistryObject instances whose attribute values evaluate to *True* for the Clause predicate.

- For every RegistryEntryFilter XML element, the leftArgument attribute of any
 containing SimpleClause shall identify a public attribute of the RegistryEntry UML
 class defined in [ebRIM].
- If not, raise exception: *registry entry attribute error*. The RegistryEntryFilter returns a
 set of identifiers for RegistryEntry instances whose attribute values evaluate to *True* for the Clause predicate.

ebXML Registry Services Specification

ebXML Registry April 2001 4. For every IntrinsicObjectFilter XML element, the leftArgument attribute of any 1971 containing SimpleClause shall identify a public attribute of the IntrinsicObject UML 1972 class defined in [ebRIM]. If not, raise exception: intrinsic object attribute error. The 1973 IntrinsicObjectFilter returns a set of identifiers for IntrinsicObject instances whose 1974 1975 attribute values evaluate to *True* for the Clause predicate. 5. For every ExtrinsicObjectFilter XML element, the leftArgument attribute of any 1976 containing SimpleClause shall identify a public attribute of the ExtrinsicObject UML 1977 class defined in [ebRIM]. If not, raise exception: extrinsic object attribute error. The 1978 ExtrinsicObjectFilter returns a set of identifiers for ExtrinsicObject instances whose 1979 attribute values evaluate to *True* for the Clause predicate. 1980 6. For every PackageFilter XML element, the leftArgument attribute of any containing 1981 SimpleClause shall identify a public attribute of the Package UML class defined in 1982 [ebRIM]. If not, raise exception: package attribute error. The PackageFilter returns a 1983 set of identifiers for Package instances whose attribute values evaluate to True for 1984 the Clause predicate. 1985 7. For every OrganizationFilter XML element, the leftArgument attribute of any 1986 containing SimpleClause shall identify a public attribute of the Organization or 1987 PostalAddress UML classes defined in [ebRIM]. If not, raise exception: organization 1988 attribute error. The OrganizationFilter returns a set of identifiers for Organization 1989 instances whose attribute values evaluate to *True* for the Clause predicate. 1990 8. For every ContactFilter XML element, the leftArgument attribute of any containing 1991 SimpleClause shall identify a public attribute of the Contact or PostalAddress UML 1992 class defined in [ebRIM]. If not, raise exception: contact attribute error. The 1993 ContactFilter returns a set of identifiers for Contact instances whose attribute values 1994 evaluate to True for the Clause predicate. 1995 9. For every ClassificationNodeFilter XML element, the leftArgument attribute of any 1996 containing SimpleClause shall identify a public attribute of the ClassificationNode 1997 UML class defined in [ebRIM]. If not, raise exception: classification node attribute 1998 error. The ClassificationNodeFilter returns a set of identifiers for ClassificationNode 1999 instances whose attribute values evaluate to *True* for the Clause predicate. 2000 2001 10. For every AssociationFilter XML element, the leftArgument attribute of any containing SimpleClause shall identify a public attribute of the Association UML 2002 class defined in [ebRIM]. If not, raise exception: association attribute error. The 2003 AssociationFilter returns a set of identifiers for Association instances whose attribute 2004 values evaluate to True for the Clause predicate. 2005

11. For every ClassificationFilter XML element, the leftArgument attribute of any
 containing SimpleClause shall identify a public attribute of the Classification UML
 class defined in [ebRIM]. If not, raise exception: *classification attribute error*. The
 ClassificationFilter returns a set of identifiers for Classification instances whose
 attribute values evaluate to *True* for the Clause predicate.

ebXML Registry Services Specification

ebXML Registry April 2001 12. For every ExternalLinkFilter XML element, the leftArgument attribute of any 2011 containing SimpleClause shall identify a public attribute of the ExternalLink UML 2012 class defined in [ebRIM]. If not, raise exception: external link attribute error. The 2013 ExternalLinkFilter returns a set of identifiers for ExternalLink instances whose 2014 2015 attribute values evaluate to *True* for the Clause predicate. 13. For every AuditableEventFilter XML element, the leftArgument attribute of any 2016 2017 containing SimpleClause shall identify a public attribute of the AuditableEvent UML class defined in [ebRIM]. If not, raise exception: auditable event attribute error. The 2018 AuditableEventFilter returns a set of identifiers for AuditableEvent instances whose 2019 attribute values evaluate to True for the Clause predicate. 2020 14. For every UserFilter XML element, the leftArgument attribute of any containing 2021 SimpleClause shall identify a public attribute of the User UML class defined in 2022 [ebRIM]. If not, raise exception: auditable identity attribute error. The UserFilter 2023 returns a set of identifiers for User instances whose attribute values evaluate to True 2024 2025 for the Clause predicate. 2026 2027 Example 2028 The following is a complete example of RegistryEntryQuery combined with Clause expansion of RegistryEntryFilter to return a set of RegistryEntry instances whose 2029 objectType attibute is "CPP" and whose status attribute is "Approved". 2030 2031 2032 <RegistryEntryQuery> 2033 <RegistryEntryFilter> <Clause> 2034 2035 <CompoundClause connectivePredicate="And" > 2036 <Clause> <SimpleClause leftArgument="objectType" > 2037 2038 <StringClause stringPredicate="equal" >CPP</StringClause> 2039 </SimpleClause> 2040 </Clause> 2041 <Clause> 2042 <SimpleClause leftArgument="status" > 2043 <StringClause stringPredicate="equal" >Approved</StringClause> 2044 </SimpleClause> 2045 </Clause> 2046 </CompoundClause> 2047 </Clause> 2048 </RegistryEntryFilter> 2049 </RegistryEntryQuery> 2050 2051

ebXML Registry Services Specification

2051 8.2.10 XML Clause Constraint Representation

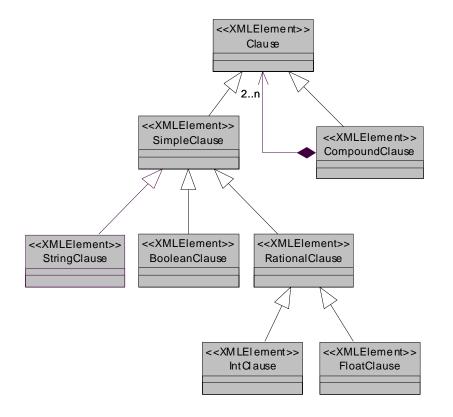
2052 Purpose

2053 The simple XML FilterQuery utilizes a formal XML structure based on *Predicate*

- 2054 Clauses. Predicate Clauses are utilized to formally define the constraint mechanism,
- and are referred to simply as *Clauses* in this specification.

2056 Conceptual UML Diagram

- 2057 The following is a conceptual diagram outlining the Clause base structure. It is
- 2058 expressed in UML for visual depiction.



2059

2060 Semantic Rules

- 2061 Predicates and Arguments are combined into a "LeftArgument Predicate -
- RightArgument" format to form a *Clause*. There are two types of Clauses:
- 2063 SimpleClauses and CompoundClauses.
- 2064 <u>SimpleClauses</u>
- A SimpleClause always defines the leftArgument as a text string, sometimes referred to
- as the Subject of the Clause. SimpleClause itself is incomplete (abstract) and must be
- 2067 extended. SimpleClause is extended to support BooleanClause, StringClause, and
- 2068 RationalClause (abstract).

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2069 2070 2071 2072	BooleanClause implicitly defines the predicate as 'equal to', with the right argument as a boolean. StringClause defines the predicate as an enumerated attribute of appropriate string-compare operations and a right argument as the element's text data. Rational number support is provided through a common RationalClause providing an
2073 2074 2075	enumeration of appropriate rational number compare operations, which is further extended to IntClause and FloatClause, each with appropriate signatures for the right argument.
2076	CompoundClauses
2077 2078	A CompoundClause contains two or more Clauses (Simple or Compound) and a connective predicate. This provides for arbitrarily complex Clauses to be formed.
2079	
2080	Definition
2081 2082 2083	ELEMENT Clause (SimpleClause CompoundClause)
2084 2085	ELEMENT SimpleClause<br (BooleanClause RationalClause StringClause)>
2086 2087 2088	ATTLIST SimpleClause<br leftArgument CDATA #REQUIRED >
2089 2090	ELEMENT CompoundClause (Clause, Clause+) ATTLIST CompoundClause</td
2091 2092	connectivePredicate (And Or) #REQUIRED>
2093	ELEMENT BooleanClause EMPTY
2094 2095 2096	ATTLIST BooleanClause<br booleanPredicate (True False) #REQUIRED>
2090 2097 2098	ELEMENT RationalClause (IntClause FloatClause) ATTLIST RationalClause</td
2000 2099 2100	logicalPredicate (LE LT GE GT EQ NE) #REQUIRED >
2101	ELEMENT IntClause (#PCDATA)</td
2102 2103 2104	ATTLIST IntClause<br e-dtype NMTOKEN #FIXED 'int' >
2105 2106	ELEMENT FloatClause (#PCDATA) ATTLIST FloatClause</td
2107 2108	e-dtype NMTOKEN #FIXED 'float' >
2109 2110	ELEMENT StringClause (#PCDATA) ATTLIST StringClause</td
2111 2112	stringPredicate (contains -contains
2113	startswith -startswith
2114 2115	equal -equal endswith -endswith) #REQUIRED >
2116	

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```
2117
       Examples
2118
       Simple BooleanClause: "Smoker" = True
2119
2120
          <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2121
          <!DOCTYPE Clause SYSTEM "Clause.dtd" >
2122
          <Clause>
2123
            <SimpleClause leftArgument="Smoker">
2124
              <BooleanClause booleanPredicate="True"/>
2125
            </SimpleClause>
2126
          </Clause>
2127
       Simple StringClause: "Smoker" contains "mo"
2128
2129
2130
          <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2131
          <!DOCTYPE Clause SYSTEM "Clause.dtd" >
2132
          <Clause>
2133
            <SimpleClause leftArgument="Smoker">
2134
              <StringClause stringcomparepredicate="contains">
2135
                mo
2136
              </StringClause>
2137
            </SimpleClause>
2138
          </Clause>
2139
       Simple IntClause: "Age" >= 7
2140
2141
2142
          <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2143
          <!DOCTYPE Clause SYSTEM "Clause.dtd" >
2144
          <Clause>
2145
            <SimpleClause leftArgument="Age">
2146
              <RationalClause logicalPredicate="GE">
2147
                <IntClause e-dtype="int">7</IntClause>
2148
              </RationalClause>
2149
            </SimpleClause>
2150
          </Clause>
2151
2152
       Simple FloatClause: "Size" = 4.3
2153
2154
          <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2155
          <!DOCTYPE Clause SYSTEM "Clause.dtd" >
2156
          <Clause>
2157
            <SimpleClause leftArgument="Size">
2158
              <RationalClause logicalPredicate="E">
2159
                <FloatClause e-dtype="float">4.3</FloatClause>
2160
              </RationalClause>
2161
            </SimpleClause>
2162
          </Clause>
```

2163

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```
Compound with two Simples (("Smoker" = False)AND("Age" =< 45))
2164
2165
2166
          <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2167
          <!DOCTYPE Clause SYSTEM "Clause.dtd" >
2168
          <Clause>
2169
            <CompoundClause connectivePredicate="And">
2170
              <Clause>
2171
                <SimpleClause leftArgument="Smoker">
2172
                  <BooleanClause booleanPredicate="False"/>
2173
                </SimpleClause>
2174
              </Clause>
2175
              <Clause>
2176
                <SimpleClause leftArgument="Age">
2177
                  <RationalClause logicalPredicate="EL">
2178
                    <IntClause e-dtype="int">45</IntClause>
2179
                  </RationalClause>
2180
                </SimpleClause>
2181
              </Clause>
2182
            </CompoundClause>
2183
          </Clause>
2184
       Coumpound with one Simple and one Compound
2185
       (("Smoker" = False)And(("Age" =< 45)Or("American"=True))))
2186
2187
2188
          <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2189
          <!DOCTYPE Clause SYSTEM "Clause.dtd" >
2190
          <Clause>
2191
            <CompoundClause connectivePredicate="And">
2192
              <Clause>
2193
                <SimpleClause leftArgument="Smoker">
2194
                   <BooleanClause booleanPredicate="False"/>
2195
                </SimpleClause>
2196
              </Clause>
2197
              <Clause>
2198
                <CompoundClause connectivePredicate="Or">
2199
                  <Clause>
2200
                    <SimpleClause leftArgument="Age">
2201
                       <RationalClause logicalPredicate="EL">
2202
                         <IntClause e-dtype="int">45</IntClause>
2203
                      </RationalClause>
2204
                    </SimpleClause>
2205
                  </Clause>
2206
                  <Clause>
2207
                    <SimpleClause leftArgument="American">
2208
                       <BooleanClause booleanPredicate="True"/>
2209
                    </SimpleClause>
2210
                  </Clause>
2211
                </CompoundClause>
2212
              </Clause>
2213
            </CompoundClause>
2214
          </Clause>
```

ebXML Registry Services Specification

2215 8.3 SQL Query Support

- 2216 The Registry may optionally support an SQL based query capability that is designed for
- 2217 Registry clients that demand more complex query capability. The optional SQLQuery 2218 element in the AdhocQueryRequest allows a client to submit complex SQL queries
- using a declarative query language.

The syntax for the SQLQuery of the Registry is defined by a stylized use of a proper subset of the "SELECT" statement of Entry level SQL defined by ISO/IEC 9075:1992, Database Language SQL [SQL], extended to include <sql invoked routines> (also known as stored procedures) as specified in ISO/IEC 9075-4 [SQL-PSM] and predefined routines defined in template form in Appendix C.3. The exact syntax of the

- Registry query language is defined by the BNF grammar in C.1.
- Note that the use of a subset of SQL syntax for SQLQuery does not imply a requirement to use relational databases in a Registry implementation.

2228 8.3.1 SQL Query Syntax Binding To [ebRIM]

SQL Queries are defined based upon the query syntax in in Appendix C.1 and a fixed relational schema defined in Appendix C.3. The relational schema is an algorithmic binding to [ebRIM] as described in the following sections.

2232 8.3.1.1 Interface and Class Binding

- A subset of the Interface and class names defined in [ebRIM] map to table names that may be queried by an SQL query. Appendix C.3 defines the names of the ebRIM interfaces and classes that may be queried by an SQL query.
- The algorithm used to define the binding of [ebRIM] classes to table definitions in Appendix C.3 is as follows:
- Only those classes and interfaces that have concrete instances are mapped to
 relational tables. This results in intermediate interfaces in the inheritance
 hierarchy, such as RegistryObject and IntrinsicObject, to not map to SQL tables.
 An exception to this rule is RegistryEntry, which is defined next.
- A special view called RegistryEntry is defined to allow SQL queries to be made against RegistryEntry instances. This is the only interface defined in [ebRIM] that does not have concrete instances but is queryable by SQL queries.
- The names of relational tables are the same as the corresponding [ebRIM] class or interface name. However, the name binding is case insensitive.
- Each [ebRIM] class or interface that maps to a table in Appendix C.3 includes column definitions in Appendix C.3 where the column definitions are based on a subset of attributes defined for that class or interface in [ebRIM]. The attributes that map to columns include the inherited attributes for the [ebRIM] class or interface. Comments in Appendix C.3 indicate which ancestor class or interface contributed which column definitions.

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- An SQLQuery against a table not defined in Appendix C.3 may result in an ebXMLError message with an InvalidQueryException.
- The following sections describe the algorithm for mapping attributes of [ebRIM] to SQLcolumn definitions.

2257 8.3.1.2 Accessor Method To Attribute Binding

Most of the [ebRIM] interfaces methods are simple get methods that map directly to attributes. For example the getName method on RegistryObject maps to a name attribute of type String. Each get method in [ebRIM] defines the exact attribute name that it maps to in the interface definitions in [ebRIM].

2262 8.3.1.3 Primitive Attributes Binding

Attributes defined by [ebRIM] that are of primitive types (e.g. String) may be used in the same way as column names in SQL. Again the exact attribute names are defined in the interface definitions in [ebRIM]. Note that while names are in mixed case, SQL-92 is case insensitive. It is therefore valid for a query to contain attribute names that do not exactly match the case defined in [ebRIM].

2268 8.3.1.4 Reference Attribute Binding

A few of the [ebRIM] interface methods return references to instances of interfaces or classes defined by [ebRIM]. For example, the getAccessControlPolicy method of the RegistryObject class returns a reference to an instance of an AccessControlPolicy object.

In such cases the reference maps to the id attribute for the referenced object. The
name of the resulting column is the same as the attribute name in [ebRIM] as defined by
8.3.1.3. The data type for the column is UUID as defined in Appendix C.3.

- 2276 When a reference attribute value holds a null reference, it maps to a null value in the
- SQL binding and may be tested with the <null specification> as defined by [SQL].
- 2278 Reference attribute binding is a special case of a primitive attribute mapping.

2279 8.3.1.5 Complex Attribute Binding

A few of the [ebRIM] interfaces define attributes that are not primitive types. Instead they are of a complex type as defined by an entity class in [ebRIM]. Examples include attributes of type TelephoneNumber, Contact, PersonName etc. in interface Organization and class Contact.

The SQL query schema algorithmically maps such complex attributes as multiple primitive attributes within the parent table. The mapping simply flattens out the entity class attributes within the parent table. The attribute name for the flattened attributes are composed of a concatenation of attribute names in the refernce chain. For example Organization has a contact attribute of type Contact. Contact has an address attribute of type PostalAddress. PostalAddress has a String attribute named city. This city attribute will be named contact address city.

ebXML Registry Services Specification

	ebXML Registry		April 2001
2291	8.3.1.6	Collection Attribute Binding	

A few of the [ebRIM] interface methods return a collection of references to instances of interfaces or classes defined by [ebRIM]. For example, the getPackages method of the ManagedObject class returns a Collection of references to instances of Packages that the object is a member of.

Such collection attributes in [ebRIM] classes have been mapped to stored procedures in Appendix C.3 such that these stored procedures return a collection of id attribute values. The returned value of these stored procedures can be treated as the result of a table sub-query in SQL.

These stored procedures may be used as the right-hand-side of an SQL IN clause to test for membership of an object in such collections of references.

2302 8.3.2 Semantic Constraints On Query Syntax

- This section defines simplifying constraints on the query syntax that cannot be expressed in the BNF for the query syntax. These constraints must be applied in the semantic analysis of the query.
- 1. Class names and attribute names must be processed in a case insensitive manner.
- 2307 2. The syntax used for stored procedure invocation must be consistent with the syntax
 2308 of an SQL procedure invocation as specified by ISO/IEC 9075-4 [SQL/PSM].
- 3. For this version of the specification, the SQL select column list consists of exactly
 one column, and must always be t.id, where t is a table reference in the FROM
 clause.

2312 8.3.3 SQL Query Results

The results of an SQL query is always an ObjectRefList as defined by the AdHocQueryResponse in 8.4. This means the result of an SQL query is always a collection of references to instances of a sub-class of the RegistryObject interface in [ebRIM]. This is reflected in a semantic constraint that requires that the SQL select column specified must always be an id column in a table in Appendix C.3 for this version of the specification.

2319 8.3.4 Simple Metadata Based Queries

- The simplest form of an SQL query is based upon metadata attributes specified for a single class within [ebRIM]. This section gives some examples of simple metadata based queries.
- For example, to get the collection of ExtrinsicObjects whose name contains the word (Acme' and that have a version greater than 1.3, the following query predicates must be supported:

ebXML Registry Services Specification

```
2326
2327 SELECT id FROM ExtrinsicObject WHERE name LIKE '%Acme%' AND
2328 majorVersion >= 1 AND
(majorVersion >= 2 OR minorVersion > 3);
```

Note that the query syntax allows for conjugation of simpler predicates into more complex queries as shown in the simple example above.

2332 8.3.5 RegistryEntry Queries

Given the central role played by the RegistryEntry interface in ebRIM, the schema for
 the SQL query defines a special view called RegistryEntry that allows doing a
 polymorphic query against all RegistryEntry instances regardless of their actual
 concrete type or table name.

The following example is the same as Section 8.3.4 except that it is applied against all RegistryEntry instances rather than just ExtrinsicObject instances. The result set will include id for all qualifying RegistryEntry instances whose name contains the word 'Acme' and that have a version greater than 1.3.

2010	i torno and martiaro a rororori groator man nor
2341	SELECT id FROM RegistryEntry WHERE name LIKE '%Acme%' AND
2342	objectType = 'ExtrinsicObject' AND
2343	majorVersion >= 1 AND
2344	(majorVersion >= 2 OR minorVersion > 3);

2345 8.3.6 Classification Queries

2346 This section describes the various classification related queries that must be supported.

2347 8.3.6.1 Identifying ClassificationNodes

Like all objects in [ebRIM], ClassificationNodes are identified by their ID. However, they may also be identified as a path attribute that specifies an XPATH expression [XPT] from a root classification node to the specified classification node in the XML document

that would represent the ClassificationNode tree including the said ClassificationNode.

- 2352 8.3.6.2 Getting Root Classification Nodes
- To get the collection of root ClassificationNodes the following query predicate must be supported:

2355 SELECT cn.id FROM ClassificationNode cn WHERE parent IS NULL

- The above query returns all ClassificationNodes that have their parent attribute set to null. Note that the above query may also specify a predicate on the name if a specific root ClassificationNode is desired.
- 2359 8.3.6.3 Getting Children of Specified ClassificationNode
- To get the children of a ClassificationNode given the ID of that node the following style of query must be supported:
- 2362 SELECT cn.id FROM ClassificationNode cn WHERE parent = <id>

The above query returns all ClassificationNodes that have the node specified by <id> as their parent attribute.

	ebXML Registry April 2001
2365	8.3.6.4 Getting Objects Classified By a ClassificationNode
2366 2367	To get the collection of ExtrinsicObjects classified by specified ClassificationNodes the following style of query must be supported:
2368	
2369	SELECT id FROM ExtrinsicObject
2370	WHERE
2371	id IN (SELECT classifiedObject FROM Classification
2372	WHERE
2373	classificationNode IN (SELECT id FROM ClassificationNode
2374	WHERE path = '/Geography/Asia/Japan'))
2375	AND
2376	id IN (SELECT classifiedObject FROM Classification
2377	WHERE
2378	<pre>classificationNode IN (SELECT id FROM ClassificationNode</pre>
2379	

/ 4	WHERE Path = /Geography/Asia/Japan //
75	AND
76	id IN (SELECT classifiedObject FROM Classification
77	WHERE
78	classificationNode IN (SELECT id FROM ClassificationNode
79	WHERE path = '/Industry/Automotive'))

The above query gets the collection of ExtrinsicObjects that are classified by the 2380 Automotive Industry and the Japan Geography. Note that according to the semantics 2381 defined for GetClassifiedObjectsRequest, the query will also contain any objects that 2382 are classified by descendents of the specified ClassificationNodes. 2383

2384 **Getting ClassificationNodes That Classify an Object** 8.3.6.5

To get the collection of ClassificationNodes that classify a specified Object the following 2385 2386 style of query must be supported:

2387 SELECT id FROM ClassificationNode

2388 WHERE id IN (RegistryEntry_classificationNodes(<id>))

8.3.7 Association Queries 2389

This section describes the various Association related gueries that must be supported. 2390

2391 8.3.7.1 Getting All Association With Specified Object As Its Source

- To get the collection of Associations that have the specified Object as its source, the 2392 following query must be supported: 2393
- 2394 SELECT id FROM Association WHERE sourceObject = <id>

2395 **Getting All Association With Specified Object As Its Target** 8.3.7.2

- To get the collection of Associations that have the specified Object as its target, the 2396
- 2397 following query must be supported:

2398 SELECT id FROM Association WHERE targetObject = <id>

2399 **Getting Associated Objects Based On Association Attributes** 8.3.7.3

- 2400 To get the collection of Associations that have specified Association attributes, the
- following queries must be supported: 2401
- 2402 Select Associations that have the specified name.
- 2403 SELECT id FROM Association WHERE name = <name>
- Select Associations that have the specified source role name. 2404
- 2405 SELECT id FROM Association WHERE sourceRole = <roleName>

ebXML Registry April 2001 Select Associations that have the specified target role name. 2406 2407 SELECT id FROM Association WHERE targetRole = <roleName> Select Associations that have the specified association type, where association type is a 2408 string containing the corresponding field name described in [ebRIM]. 2409 2410 SELECT id FROM Association WHERE 2411 associationType = <associationType> 2412 8.3.7.4 **Complex Association Queries**

- 2413 The various forms of Association queries may be combined into complex predicates.
- 2414 The following query selects Associations from an object with a specified id, that have
- 2415 the sourceRole "buysFrom" and targetRole "sellsTo":
- 2416
2417SELECT id FROM Association WHERE
sourceObject = <id> AND2418
2419sourceRole = `buysFrom' AND
targetRole = `sellsTo'

2420 8.3.8 Package Queries

- 2421 To find all Packages that a specified ExtrinsicObject belongs to, the following query is
- 2422 specified:
- 2423 SELECT id FROM Package WHERE id IN (RegistryEntry_packages(<id>))

2424 8.3.8.1 Complex Package Queries

- The following query gets all Packages that a specified object belongs to, that are not deprecated and where name contains "RosettaNet."
- 2427 SELECT id FROM Package WHERE

```
2428id IN (RegistryEntry_packages(<id>>)) AND2429name LIKE `%RosettaNet%' AND2430status <> `Deprecated'
```

2431 8.3.9 ExternalLink Queries

- To find all ExternalLinks that a specified ExtrinsicObject is linked to, the following query is specified:
- 2434 SELECT id From ExternalLink WHERE id IN (RegistryEntry_externalLinks(<id>))
- 2435 To find all ExtrinsicObjects that are linked by a specified ExternalLink, the following
- 2436 query is specified:
- 2437 SELECT id From ExtrinsicObject WHERE id IN (RegistryEntry_linkedObjects(<id>))

2438 8.3.9.1 Complex ExternalLink Queries

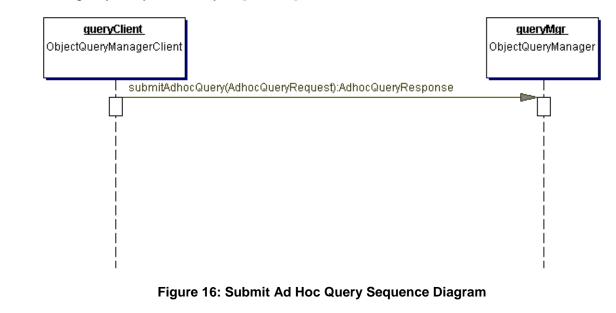
- 2439 The following query gets all ExternalLinks that a specified ExtrinsicObject belongs to,
- that contain the word 'legal' in their description and have a URL for their externalURI.
- 2441SELECT id FROM ExternalLink WHERE2442id IN (RegistryEntry_externalLinks(<id>)) AND2443description LIKE `%legal%' AND2444externalURI LIKE `%http://%'

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2445	8.3.10 Audit Trail Queries	
2446 2447	To get the complete collection of AuditableEvent objects for the following query is specified:	a specified ManagedObject,

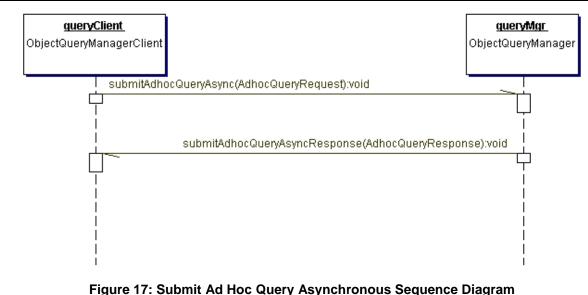
2448 SELECT id FROM AuditableEvent WHERE registryEntry = <id>

2449 8.4 Ad Hoc Query Request/Response

- A client submits an ad hoc query to the ObjectQueryManager by sending an
- AdhocQueryRequest. The AdhocQueryRequest contains a sub-element that defrines a query in one of the supported Registry query mechanisms.
- The ObjectQueryManager sends an AdhocQueryResponse either synchronously or asynchronously back to the client. The AdhocQueryResponse return a collection of objects whose element type is in the set of element types represented by the leaf nodes of the RegistryEntry hierarchy in [ebRIM].



2457 2458



For details on the schema for the business documents shown in this process refer to Appendix A.2.

2463 **8.5 Content Retrieval**

2459

2460

A client retrieves content via the Registry by sending the GetContentRequest to the 2464 ObjectQueryManager. The GetContentRequest specifies a list of Object references for 2465 Objects that need to be retrieved. The ObjectQueryManager returns the specified 2466 content by sending a GetContentResponse message to the ObjectQueryManagerClient 2467 interface of the client. If there are no errors encountered, the GetContentResponse 2468 message includes the specified content as additional payloads within the message. In 2469 addition to the GetContentResponse payload, there is one additional payload for each 2470 content that was requested. If there are errors encountered, the GetContentResponse 2471 payload includes an ebXMLError and there are no additional content specific payloads. 2472

2473 8.5.1 Identification Of Content Payloads

Since the GetContentResponse message may include several repository items as
additional payloads, it is necessary to have a way to identify each payload in the
message. To facilitate this identification, the Registry must do the following:

• Use the ID for each RegistryEntry instance that describes the repository item as the DocumentLabel element in the DocumentReference for that object in the Manifest element of the ebXMLHeader.

<Manifest>

</Manifest>

<Header>

</Header>

Content-Length: 97

Content-ID:

Content-ID:

<CPP>

</CPP>

<CPP>

</CPP>

<GetContentsResponse />

2480 8.5.2 GetContentResponse Message Structure

--7250537.978150567601.JavaMail.najmi.irian

<DocumentReference>

</DocumentReference>

</DocumentReference>

</DocumentReference>

Content-Type: application/xml

Content-Type: application/xml

Content-Type: application/xml

<DocumentReference>

<DocumentReference>

<ebXMLHeader MessageType="Normal" Version="1.0">

<DocumentId>....</DocumentId>

<DocumentId>... </DocumentId>

--7250537.978150567601.JavaMail.najmi.irian

--7250537.978150567601.JavaMail.najmi.irian

Content-Description: ID for CPP content #1

--7250537.978150567601.JavaMail.najmi.irian

--7250537.978150567601.JavaMail.najmi.irian-

Content-Description: ID for CPP content #2

Content-Description: GetContentsResponse

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>

Content-ID: 6835fb:e3be512ac8:-7ffc

<DocumentLabel>GetContentsResponse</DocumentLabel>

<DocumentLabel> ID for CPP content #1 </DocumentLabel>

<DocumentLabel> ID for CPP content #2 </DocumentLabel>

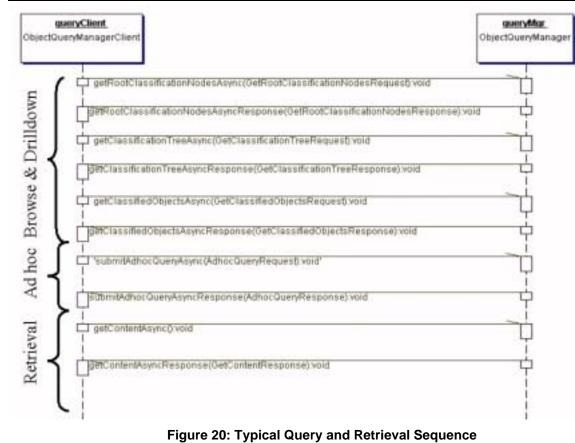
<DocumentId>6835fb:e3be512ac8:-8000</DocumentId>

The following message fragment illustrates the structure of the GetContentResponse Message that is returning a Collection of CPPs as a result of a GetContentRequest that specified the IDs for the requested objects. Note that the ID for each object retrieved in the message as additional payloads is used as its DocumentLabel in the Manifest of the ebXMLHeader.

2534

2535 8.6 Query And Retrieval: Typical Sequence

The following diagram illustrates the use of both browse/drilldown and ad hoc queries followed by a retrieval of content that was selected by the queries.



2540 9 Registry Security

2538 2539

This chapter describes the security features of the ebXML Registry. It is assumed that the reader is familiar with the security related classes in the Registry information model as described in [ebRIM].

In the current version of this specification, a minimalist approach has been specified for
Registry security. The philosophy is that "Any *known* entity can publish content and *anyone* can view published content." The Registry information model has been
designed to allow more sophisticated security policies in future versions of this
specification.

2549 9.1 Integrity of Registry Content

It is assumed that most business registries do not have the resources to validate the
veracity of the content submitted to them. The minimal integrity that the Registry must
provide is to ensure that content submitted by a Submitting Organization (SO) is
maintained in the Registry without any tampering either *en-route* or *within* the Registry.
Furthermore, the Registry must make it possible to identify the SO for any Registry
content unambiguously.

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	ebXML Registry April 2001
2556	9.1.1 Message Payload Signature
2557 2558 2559	Integrity of Registry content requires that all submitted content must be signed by the Registry client as defined by [SEC]. The signature on the submitted content ensures that:
2560	 The content has not been tampered with en-route or within the Registry.
2561 2562	 The content's veracity can be ascertained by its association with a specific submitting organization

2563 9.2 Authentication

The Registry must be able to authenticate the identity of the Principal associated with client requests. *Authentication* is required to identify the ownership of content as well as to identify what "privileges" a Principal can be assigned with respect to the specific objects in the Registry.

The Registry must perform Authentication on a per request basis. From a security point of view, all messages are independent and there is no concept of a session encompassing multiple messages or conversations. Session support may be added as

an optimization feature in future versions of this specification.

The Registry must implement a credential-based authentication mechanism based on digital certificates and signatures. The Registry uses the certificate DN from the signature to authenticate the user.

2575 9.2.1 Message Header Signature

2576 Message headers may be signed by the sending ebXML Messaging Service as defined 2577 by [SEC]. Since this specification is not yet finalized, this version does not require that 2578 the message header be signed. In the absence of a message header signature, the

2579 payload signature is used to authenticate the identity of the requesting client.

2580 9.3 Confidentiality

2581 9.3.1 On-the-wire Message Confidentiality

It is suggested but not required that message payloads exchanged between clients and
the Registry be encrypted during transmission. Payload encryption must abide by any
restrictions set forth in [SEC].

2585 9.3.2 Confidentiality of Registry Content

In the current version of this specification, there are no provisions for confidentiality of Registry content. All content submitted to the Registry may be discovered and read by *any* client. Therefore, the Registry must be able to decrypt any submitted content after it has been received and prior to storing it in its repository. This implies that the Registry and the client have an a priori agreement regarding encryption algorithm, key exchange agreements, etc. This service is not addressed in this specification.

2592 **9.4 Authorization**

The Registry must provide an authorization mechanism based on the information model defined in [ebRIM]. In this version of the specification the authorization mechanism is based on a default Access Control Policy defined for a pre-defined set of roles for Registry users. Future versions of this specification will allow for custom Access Control Policies to be defined by the Submitting Organization.

2598 9.4.1 Pre-defined Roles For Registry Users

2599 The following roles must be pre-defined in the Registry:

Role	Description
ContentOwner	The submitter or owner of a Registry content. Submitting Organization (SO) in ISO 11179
RegistryAdministrator	A "super" user that is an administrator of the Registry. Registration Authority (RA) in ISO 11179
RegistryGuest	Any unauthenticated user of the Registry. Clients that browse the Registry do not need to be authenticated.

2600 9.4.2 Default Access Control Policies

- The Registry must create a default AccessControlPolicy object that grants the default permissions to Registry users based upon their assigned role.
- 2603 The following table defines the Permissions granted by the Registry to the various pre-
- defined roles for Registry users based upon the default AccessControlPolicy.
- 2605

Role	Permissions
	Access to <i>all</i> methods on Registry Objects that are owned by the ContentOwner.

RegistryAdministrator	Access to all methods on all Registry Objects
RegistryGuest	Access to <i>all</i> read-only (getXXX) methods on <i>all</i> Registry Objects (read-only access to all content).

2606

- 2607 The following list summarizes the default role-based AccessControlPolicy:
- The Registry must implement the default AccessControlPolicy and associate it with all Objects in the Registry
- Anyone can publish content, but needs to be authenticated
- Anyone can access the content without requiring authentication
- The ContentOwner has access to all methods for Registry Objects owned by them
- The RegistryAdministrator has access to all methods on all Registry Objects
- Unauthenticated clients can access all read-only (getXXX) methods
- At the time of content submission, the Registry must assign the default
 ContentOwner role to the Submitting Organization (SO) as authenticated by the
 credentials in the submission message. In the current version of this
 specification, it will be the DN as identified by the certificate
- Clients that browse the Registry need not use certificates. The Registry must assign the default RegistryGuest role to such clients.

2622 Appendix A Schemas and DTD Definitions

The following are definitions for the various ebXML Message payloads described in this document.

2625 A.1 ebXML Error Message

The following "error" syntax is copied from the ebXML Message Services Specification, version 0.99, lines 2364 to 2389:

```
2628
2629
       <!-- ERROR LIST -->
2630
       <element name="ErrorList">
2631
          <complexType>
2632
             <sequence>
2633
                <element ref="tns:Error" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
2634
             </sequence>
2635
             <attribute ref="tns:id"/>
2636
             <attribute ref="tns:version"/>
2637
             <attribute ref="soap:mustUnderstand" use="required"/>
```

2638	<attribute< th=""></attribute<>
2639	name="highestSeverity"
2640	type="tns:severity.type"
2641	use="default"
2642	value="Warning" />
2643	<anyattribute< th=""></anyattribute<>
2644	namespace="http://www.w3.org/2000/10/XMLSchema-instance"
2645	processContents="lax"/>
2646	
2647	
2648	<pre><element name="Error"></element></pre>
2649	<complextype></complextype>
2650	<attribute ref="tns:id"></attribute>
2651	<attribute< th=""></attribute<>
2652	name="codeContext"
2653	type="uriReference"
2654	use="required"/>
2655	<attribute< th=""></attribute<>
2656	name="errorCode"
2657	type="tns:non-empty-string"
2658	use="required"/>
2659	<attribute< th=""></attribute<>
2660	name="severity"
2661	type="tns:severity.type"
2662	use="default"
2663	value="Warning"/>
2664	<attribute< th=""></attribute<>
2665	name="location"
2666	<pre>type="tns:non-empty-string"/></pre>
2667	<attribute< th=""></attribute<>
2668	<pre>ref="xml:lang"/></pre>
2669	<attribute< th=""></attribute<>
2670	name="errorMessage"
2671 2672	<pre>type="tns:non-empty-string"/> </pre>
2672	
2013	

2674 A.2 ebXML Registry DTD

```
2675
2676
       <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2677
       <!-- Begin information model mapping. -->
2678
2679
       <!ENTITY % errorSchema SYSTEM "ebXMLError.dtd">
2680
       %errorSchema;
2681
2682
       <!--
2683
      ObjectAttributes are attributes from the RegistryObject interface in ebRIM.
2684
2685
       id may be empty. If specified it may be in urn: uuid format or be in some
2686
       arbitrary format. If id is empty registry must generate globally unique id.
2687
2688
       If id is provided and in proper UUID syntax (starts with urn:uuid:)
2689
      registry will honour it.
2690
```

2691 If id is provided and is not in proper UUID syntax then it is used for 2692 linkage within document and is ignored by the registry. In this case the 2693 registry generates a UUID for id attribute. 2694 2695 id must not be null when object is being retrieved from the registry. 2696 --> 2697 <!ENTITY % ObjectAttributes " 2698 ID #IMPLIED id 2699 name CDATA #IMPLIED 2700 description CDATA #IMPLIED 2701 " > 2702 2703 <!--2704 Use as a proxy for an Object that is in the registry already. 2705 Specifies the id attribute of the object in the registry as its id attribute. 2706 id attribute in ObjectAttributes is exactly the same syntax and semantics as 2707 id attribute in RegistryObject. 2708 --> 2709 <!ELEMENT ObjectRef EMPTY> 2710 <!ATTLIST ObjectRef 2711 id ID #IMPLIED 2712 > 2713 2714 <!ELEMENT ObjectRefList (ObjectRef)*> 2715 2716 <!--2717 RegistryEntryAttributes are attributes from the RegistryEntry interface 2718 in ebRIM. 2719 It inherits ObjectAttributes 2720 --> 2721 <!ENTITY % RegistryEntryAttributes " %ObjectAttributes;</pre> 2722 majorVersion CDATA '1' 2723 minorVersion CDATA '0' 2724 objectType CDATA #REQUIRED 2725 status CDATA #IMPLIED userVersion stability 2726 CDATA #IMPLIED 2727 CDATA 'Dynamic' 2728 expirationDate CDATA #IMPLIED"> 2729 2730 <!ELEMENT RegistryEntry (SlotList?)> 2731 <!ATTLIST RegistryEntry 2732 %RegistryEntryAttributes; > 2733 <!ELEMENT Value (#PCDATA)> 2734 <!ELEMENT ValueList (Value*)> 2735 <!ELEMENT Slot (ValueList?)> 2736 <!ATTLIST Slot 2737 name CDATA #REQUIRED 2738 slotType CDATA #IMPLIED 2739 > 2740 <!ELEMENT SlotList (Slot*)> 2741 2742 <!--2743 ExtrinsicObject are attributes from the ExtrinsicObject interface in ebRIM. 2744 It inherits RegistryEntryAttributes 2745 --> 2746

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2747

2748 <!ELEMENT ExtrinsicObject EMPTY > 2749 <!ATTLIST ExtrinsicObject 2750 %RegistryEntryAttributes; 2751 contentURI CDATA #REQUIRED 2752 mimeType CDATA #IMPLIED 2753 opaque (true | false) "false" 2754 > 2755 2756 2757 <!ENTITY % IntrinsicObjectAttributes " %RegistryEntryAttributes;"> 2758 2759 <!-- Leaf classes that reflect the concrete classes in ebRIM --> 2760 <!ELEMENT RegistryEntryList (Association | Classification | ClassificationNode | Package | 2761 2762 ExternalLink | ExternalIdentifier 2763 | Organization | ExtrinsicObject | 2764 ObjectRef) *> 2765 2766 <!--2767 An ExternalLink specifies a link from a RegistryEntry and an external URI 2768 --> 2769 <!ELEMENT ExternalLink EMPTY> 2770 <!ATTLIST ExternalLink 2771 %IntrinsicObjectAttributes; 2772 externalURI CDATA #IMPLIED 2773 > 2774 2775 <!--2776 An ExternalIdentifier provides an identifier for a RegistryEntry 2777 2778 The value is the value of the identifier (e.g. the social security number) 2779 --> 2780 <!ELEMENT ExternalIdentifier EMPTY> 2781 <!ATTLIST ExternalIdentifier 2782 %IntrinsicObjectAttributes; 2783 value CDATA #REQUIRED 2784 > 2785 2786 <!--2787 An Association specifies references to two previously submitted 2788 registry entrys. 2789 2790 The sourceObject is id of the sourceObject in association 2791 The targetObject is id of the targetObject in association 2792 --> 2793 <! ELEMENT Association EMPTY> 2794 <!ATTLIST Association 2795 %IntrinsicObjectAttributes; 2796 sourceRole CDATA #IMPLIED 2797 targetRole CDATA #IMPLIED 2798 associationType CDATA #REQUIRED 2799 bidirection (true | false) "false" 2800 sourceObject IDREF #REQUIRED 2801 targetObject IDREF #REQUIRED 2802

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2803 2804 <!--2805 A Classification specifies references to two registry entrys. 2806 2807 The classifiedObject is id of the Object being classified. 2808 The classificationNode is id of the ClassificationNode classying the object 2809 --> 2810 <!ELEMENT Classification EMPTY> 2811 <!ATTLIST Classification 2812 %IntrinsicObjectAttributes; 2813 classifiedObject IDREF #REQUIRED 2814 classificationNode IDREF #REQUIRED 2815 > 2816 2817 <!--A Package is a named collection of objects. 2818 2819 --> 2820 <!ELEMENT Package EMPTY> 2821 <!ATTLIST Package 2822 %IntrinsicObjectAttributes; 2823 > 2824 2825 <!-- Attributes inherited by various types of telephone number elements --> 2826 <!ENTITY % TelephoneNumberAttributes " areaCode CDATA #REQUIRED 2827 contryCode CDATA #REQUIRED 2828 extension CDATA #IMPLIED CDATA #REQUIRED 2829 number CDATA #IMPLIED"> 2830 url 2831 <!ELEMENT TelephoneNumber EMPTY> 2832 <!ATTLIST TelephoneNumber 2833 %TelephoneNumberAttributes; 2834 2835 <!ELEMENT FaxNumber EMPTY> 2836 <!ATTLIST FaxNumber 2837 %TelephoneNumberAttributes; 2838 > 2839 2840 <!ELEMENT PagerNumber EMPTY> 2841 <!ATTLIST PagerNumber 2842 %TelephoneNumberAttributes; 2843 2844 2845 <!ELEMENT MobileTelephoneNumber EMPTY> 2846 <!ATTLIST MobileTelephoneNumber 2847 %TelephoneNumberAttributes; 2848 2849 <!-- PostalAddress --> 2850 <!ELEMENT PostalAddress EMPTY> 2851 <!ATTLIST PostalAddress 2852 city CDATA #REQUIRED 2853 country CDATA #REQUIRED 2854 postalCode CDATA #REQUIRED 2855 state CDATA #REQUIRED 2856 street CDATA #REQUIRED 2857 2858 <!-- PersonName -->

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```
2859
       <!ELEMENT PersonName EMPTY>
2860
       <!ATTLIST PersonName
2861
              firstName CDATA #REQUIRED
2862
               middleName CDATA #REQUIRED
2863
               lastName CDATA #REQUIRED
2864
      >
2865
2866
      <!-- Organization -->
2867
       <!ELEMENT Organization (PostalAddress, FaxNumber?, TelephoneNumber)>
2868
       <!ATTLIST Organization
2869
               %IntrinsicObjectAttributes;
2870
               parent IDREF #IMPLIED
2871
               primaryContact IDREF #REQUIRED
2872
       >
2873
2874
      <!ELEMENT User (PersonName, PostalAddress, TelephoneNumber,
2875
                                                    MobileTelephoneNumber?,
2876
                                                    FaxNumber?, PagerNumber?)>
2877
       <!ATTLIST User
2878
               %ObjectAttributes;
2879
               organization IDREF #IMPLIED
2880
               email CDATA #IMPLIED
2881
               url CDATA #IMPLIED
2882
      >
2883
2884
      <!ELEMENT AuditableEvent EMPTY>
       <!ATTLIST AuditableEvent
2885
2886
              %ObjectAttributes;
2887
               eventType CDATA #REQUIRED
2888
               registryEntry IDREF #REQUIRED
2889
               timestamp CDATA #REQUIRED
2890
               user IDREF #REQUIRED
2891
      >
2892
2893
       <!--
2894
      ClassificationNode is used to submit a Classification tree to the Registry.
2895
2896
      parent is the id to the parent node. code is an optional code value for a
2897
                                                    ClassificationNode
2898
      often defined by an external taxonomy (e.g. NAICS)
2899
       -->
2900
       <!ELEMENT ClassificationNode EMPTY>
2901
       <!ATTLIST ClassificationNode
2902
              %IntrinsicObjectAttributes;
2903
               parent IDREF #IMPLIED
2904
               code CDATA #IMPLIED
2905
      >
2906
2907
       <!--
2908
      End information model mapping.
2909
2910
      Begin Registry Services Interface
2911
       -->
2912
       <!ELEMENT RequestAcceptedResponse EMPTY>
2913
       <!ATTLIST RequestAcceptedResponse
2914
               xml:lang NMTOKEN #REQUIRED
```

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2915 interfaceId CDATA #REQUIRED 2916 requestMessage CDATA #REQUIRED 2917 actionId CDATA #REQUIRED 2918 > 2919 <!--2920 The SubmittedObject provides meta data for submitted object 2921 Note object being submitted is in a separate document that is not 2922 in this DTD. 2923 --> 2924 <!ELEMENT SubmitObjectsRequest (RegistryEntryList)> 2925 <!ELEMENT AddSlotsRequest (ObjectRef, SlotList)+> 2926 <!-- Only need name in Slot within SlotList --> 2927 <!ELEMENT RemoveSlotsRequest (ObjectRef, SlotList)+> 2928 <!--2929 The ObjectRefList is the list of 2930 refs to the registry entrys being approved. 2931 --> 2932 <!ELEMENT ApproveObjectsRequest (ObjectRefList)> 2933 <!--2934 The ObjectRefList is the list of 2935 refs to the registry entrys being deprecated. 2936 --> 2937 <!ELEMENT DeprecateObjectsRequest (ObjectRefList)> 2938 <!--2939 The ObjectRefList is the list of 2940 refs to the registry entrys being removed 2941 --> 2942 <!ELEMENT RemoveObjectsRequest (ObjectRefList)> 2943 <!ATTLIST RemoveObjectsRequest 2944 deletionScope (DeleteAll | DeleteRepositoryItemOnly) "DeleteAll" 2945 > 2946 <!ELEMENT GetRootClassificationNodesRequest EMPTY> 2947 <!--2948 The namePattern follows SQL-92 syntax for the pattern specified in 2949 LIKE clause. It allows for selecting only those root nodes that match 2950 the namePattern. The default value of '*' matches all root nodes. 2951 --> 2952 <!ATTLIST GetRootClassificationNodesRequest 2953 namePattern CDATA "*" 2954 > 2955 <!--2956 The response includes one or more ClassificationNodes 2957 --> 2958 <!ELEMENT GetRootClassificationNodesResponse ((ClassificationNode+) 2959 ebXMLError)> 2960 <!--2961 Get the classification tree under the ClassificationNode specified parentRef. 2962 2963 If depth is 1 just fetch immediate child 2964 nodes, otherwise fetch the descendant tree upto the specified depth level. 2965 If depth is 0 that implies fetch entire sub-tree 2966 --> 2967 <!ELEMENT GetClassificationTreeRequest EMPTY> 2968 <!ATTLIST GetClassificationTreeRequest 2969 parent CDATA #REQUIRED 2970 depth CDATA "1"

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2971 > 2972 <!--2973 The response includes one or more ClassificationNodes which includes only 2974 immediate ClassificationNode children nodes if depth attribute in 2975 GetClassificationTreeRequest was 1, otherwise the decendent nodes 2976 upto specified depth level are returned. 2977 --> 2978 <!ELEMENT GetClassificationTreeResponse ((ClassificationNode+) | ebXMLError)> 2979 <!--2980 Get refs to all registry entrys that are classified by all the 2981 ClassificationNodes specified by ObjectRefList. 2982 Note this is an implicit logical AND operation 2983 --> 2984 <!ELEMENT GetClassifiedObjectsRequest (ObjectRefList)> 2985 <!--2986 objectType attribute can specify the type of objects that the registry 2987 client is interested in, that is classified by this ClassificationNode. 2988 It is a String that matches a choice in the type attribute of 2989 ExtrinsicObject. The default value of '*' implies that client is interested in all types 2990 2991 of registry entrys that are classified by the specified ClassificationNode. 2992 --> <!--2993 2994 The response includes a RegistryEntryList which has zero or more 2995 RegistryEntrys that are classified by the ClassificationNodes 2996 specified in the ObjectRefList in GetClassifiedObjectsRequest. 2997 --> 2998 <!ELEMENT GetClassifiedObjectsResponse (RegistryEntryList | ebXMLError)> 2999 <!--3000 An Ad hoc query request specifies a query string as defined by [RS] in the 3001 queryString attribute 3002 --> 3003 <!ELEMENT AdhocQueryRequest (FilterQuery | ReturnRegistryEntry | 3004 ReturnRepositoryItem | SQLQuery)> 3005 <!ELEMENT SQLQuery (#PCDATA)> 3006 <!--3007 The response includes a RegistryEntryList which has zero or more 3008 RegistryEntrys that match the query specified in AdhocQueryRequest. 3009 --> 3010 <!ELEMENT AdhocQueryResponse (RegistryEntryList | FilterQueryResult | 3011 ReturnRegistryEntryResult | 3012 ReturnRepositoryItemResult | 3013 ebXMLError)> 3014 <!--3015 Gets the actual content (not metadata) specified by the ObjectRefList 3016 --> 3017 <!ELEMENT GetContentRequest (ObjectRefList)> 3018 <!--3019 The GetObjectsResponse will have no sub-elements if there were no errors. 3020 The actual contents will be in the other payloads of the message. 3021 If any errors were encountered the message will contain the ebXMLError and 3022 the content payloads will be empty. 3023 --> 3024 <!ELEMENT GetContentResponse (ebXMLError?)> 3025 < ! _ _ 3026 Describes the capability profile for the registry and what optional features

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```
3027
      are supported
3028
      -->
3029
      <!ELEMENT RegistryProfile (OptionalFeaturesSupported)>
3030
      <!ATTLIST RegistryProfile
3031
               version CDATA #REQUIRED
3032
3033
3034
      <!ELEMENT OptionalFeaturesSupported EMPTY>
3035
      <!ATTLIST OptionalFeaturesSupported
3036
               sqlQuery (true | false) "false"
3037
               xQuery (true | false) "false"
3038
      >
3039
      <!-- Begin FilterQuery DTD -->
3040
      <!ELEMENT FilterQuery (RegistryEntryQuery | AuditableEventQuery |
3041
                                                    ClassificationNodeQuery |
3042
                                                    RegistryPackageQuery |
3043
                                                    OrganizationQuery)>
3044
      <!ELEMENT FilterQueryResult (RegistryEntryQueryResult |
3045
                                                    AuditableEventQueryResult |
3046
                                                    ClassificationNodeQueryResult |
3047
                                                    RegistryPackageQueryResult |
3048
                                                    OrganizationQueryResult)>
3049
      <!ELEMENT RegistryEntryQueryResult (RegistryEntryView*)>
3050
      <!ELEMENT RegistryEntryView EMPTY>
3051
      <!ATTLIST RegistryEntryView
3052
               objectURN CDATA #REQUIRED
3053
               contentURI CDATA #IMPLIED
3054
               objectID CDATA #IMPLIED
3055
      >
3056
      <!ELEMENT AuditableEventQueryResult (AuditableEventView*)>
3057
      <!ELEMENT AuditableEventView EMPTY>
3058
      <!ATTLIST AuditableEventView
3059
              objectID CDATA #REQUIRED
3060
               timestamp CDATA #REQUIRED
3061
      >
3062
      <!ELEMENT ClassificationNodeQueryResult (ClassificationNodeView*)>
3063
      <!ELEMENT ClassificationNodeView EMPTY>
3064
      <!ATTLIST ClassificationNodeView
3065
              objectURN CDATA #REQUIRED
3066
               contentURI CDATA #IMPLIED
3067
               objectID CDATA #IMPLIED
3068
      >
3069
      <!ELEMENT RegistryPackageQueryResult (RegistryPackageView*)>
3070
      <!ELEMENT RegistryPackageView EMPTY>
3071
      <!ATTLIST RegistryPackageView
3072
              objectURN CDATA #REQUIRED
3073
               contentURI CDATA #IMPLIED
3074
              objectID CDATA #IMPLIED
3075
      >
3076
      <!ELEMENT OrganizationQueryResult (OrganizationView*)>
3077
      <!ELEMENT OrganizationView EMPTY>
3078
      <!ATTLIST OrganizationView
3079
               orgURN CDATA #REQUIRED
3080
               objectID CDATA #IMPLIED
3081
3082
      <!ELEMENT StatusResult (Success | (Exception | Warning)+)>
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```

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3083 <!ELEMENT Success EMPTY> <!ELEMENT Exception (#PCDATA)> 3084 3085 <!ATTLIST Exception 3086 code CDATA #REQUIRED 3087 3088 <!ELEMENT Warning (#PCDATA)> 3089 <! ATTLIST Warning 3090 code CDATA #REQUIRED 3091 > 3092 <!ELEMENT RegistryEntryQuery (RegistryEntryFilter?, SourceAssociationBranch*, 3093 TargetAssociationBranch*, 3094 HasClassificationBranch*, 3095 SubmittingOrganizationBranch?, 3096 ResponsibleOrganizationBranch?, ExternalLinkFilter*, 3097 3098 HasAuditableEventBranch*)> 3099 <!ELEMENT SourceAssociationBranch (AssociationFilter?, RegistryEntryFilter?)> 3100 <!ELEMENT TargetAssociationBranch (AssociationFilter?, RegistryEntryFilter?)> 3101 <!ELEMENT HasClassificationBranch (ClassificationFilter?, 3102 ClassificationNodeFilter?)> 3103 <!ELEMENT SubmittingOrganizationBranch (OrganizationFilter?, ContactFilter?)> <!ELEMENT ResponsibleOrganizationBranch (OrganizationFilter?, 3104 3105 ContactFilter?)> 3106 <!ELEMENT HasAuditableEventBranch (AuditableEventFilter?, UserFilter?, 3107 OrganizationFilter?)> 3108 <!ELEMENT AuditableEventQuery 3109 (AuditableEventFilter?, RegistryEntryQuery*, InvokedByBranch?)> 3110 3111 <!ELEMENT InvokedByBranch 3112 (UserFilter?, OrganizationQuery?)> 3113 3114 <!ELEMENT ClassificationNodeQuery (ClassificationNodeFilter?, 3115 PermitsClassificationBranch*, 3116 HasParentNode?, HasSubnode*)> 3117 <!ELEMENT PermitsClassificationBranch (ClassificationFilter?, 3118 RegistryEntryQuery?)> 3119 <!ELEMENT HasParentNode (ClassificationNodeFilter?, HasParentNode?)> 3120 <!ELEMENT HasSubnode (ClassificationNodeFilter?, HasSubnode*)> 3121 <!ELEMENT RegistryPackageQuery (PackageFilter?, HasMemberBranch*)> 3122 <!ELEMENT HasMemberBranch (RegistryEntryQuery?)> 3123 <!ELEMENT OrganizationQuery (OrganizationFilter?, SubmitsRegistryEntry*, 3124 HasParentOrganization?, 3125 InvokesEventBranch*, 3126 ContactFilter*)> 3127 <!ELEMENT SubmitsRegistryEntry (RegistryEntryQuery?)> 3128 <! ELEMENT HasParentOrganization (OrganizationFilter?, 3129 HasParentOrganization?)> 3130 <!ELEMENT InvokesEventBranch (UserFilter?, AuditableEventFilter?, 3131 RegistryEntryOuery?)> 3132 <!ELEMENT ReturnRegistryEntry (RegistryEntryQuery, WithClassifications?, 3133 WithSourceAssociations?, 3134 WithTargetAssociations?, 3135 WithAuditableEvents?, 3136 WithExternalLinks?)> 3137 <!ELEMENT WithClassifications (ClassificationFilter?)> 3138 <!ELEMENT WithSourceAssociations (AssociationFilter?)>

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ebXML Registry April 2001 3139 <!ELEMENT WithTargetAssociations (AssociationFilter?)> 3140 <!ELEMENT WithAuditableEvents (AuditableEventFilter?)> 3141 <!ELEMENT WithExternalLinks (ExternalLinkFilter?)> 3142 <!ELEMENT ReturnRegistryEntryResult (RegistryEntryMetadata*, StatusResult)> 3143 <!ELEMENT RegistryEntryMetadata (RegistryEntry, Classification*, 3144 SourceAssociations?, 3145 TargetAssociations?, 3146 AuditableEvent*, ExternalLink*)> 3147 <! ELEMENT SourceAssociations (Association*)> 3148 <!ELEMENT TargetAssociations (Association*)> <!ELEMENT ReturnRepositoryItem (RegistryEntryQuery, 3149 3150 RecursiveAssociationOption?, 3151 WithDescription?)> 3152 <!ELEMENT RecursiveAssociationOption (AssociationType+)> 3153 <!ATTLIST RecursiveAssociationOption 3154 depthLimit CDATA #IMPLIED 3155 > 3156 <! ELEMENT AssociationType EMPTY> 3157 <!ATTLIST AssociationType 3158 role CDATA #REQUIRED 3159 3160 <!ELEMENT WithDescription EMPTY> 3161 <!ELEMENT ReturnRepositoryItemResult (RepositoryItem*, StatusResult)> 3162 <!ELEMENT RepositoryItem (RegistryPackage | ExtrinsicObject | WithdrawnObject 3163 ExternalLink)> 3164 <!ATTLIST RepositoryItem 3165 identifier CDATA #REQUIRED 3166 name CDATA #REQUIRED 3167 contentURI CDATA #REQUIRED 3168 objectType CDATA #REQUIRED 3169 status CDATA #REQUIRED 3170 stability CDATA #REQUIRED 3171 description CDATA #IMPLIED 3172 > 3173 <! ELEMENT RegistryPackage EMPTY> 3174 <!ELEMENT WithdrawnObject EMPTY> <!ELEMENT ExternalLinkItem EMPTY> 3175 3176 <!ELEMENT ObjectFilter (Clause)> 3177 <!ELEMENT RegistryEntryFilter (Clause)> 3178 <!ELEMENT IntrinsicObjectFilter (Clause)> 3179 <!ELEMENT ExtrinsicObjectFilter (Clause)> 3180 <!ELEMENT PackageFilter (Clause)> 3181 <!ELEMENT OrganizationFilter (Clause)> 3182 <!ELEMENT ContactFilter (Clause)> 3183 <!ELEMENT ClassificationNodeFilter (Clause)> 3184 <!ELEMENT AssociationFilter (Clause)> 3185 <!ELEMENT ClassificationFilter (Clause)> 3186 <!ELEMENT ExternalLinkFilter (Clause)> 3187 <!ELEMENT AuditableEventFilter (Clause)> 3188 <!ELEMENT UserFilter (Clause)> 3189 3190 <!--3191 The following lines define the XML syntax for Clause. 3192 --> 3193 3194 <!ELEMENT Clause (SimpleClause | CompoundClause)>

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3195 <!ELEMENT SimpleClause (BooleanClause | RationalClause | StringClause)> 3196 <!ATTLIST SimpleClause 3197 leftArgument CDATA #REQUIRED 3198 > <!ELEMENT CompoundClause (Clause, Clause+)> 3199 3200 <!ATTLIST CompoundClause 3201 connectivePredicate (And | Or) #REQUIRED 3202 > 3203 <!ELEMENT BooleanClause EMPTY> 3204 <!ATTLIST BooleanClause 3205 booleanPredicate (true | false) #REQUIRED 3206 > 3207 <!ELEMENT RationalClause (IntClause | FloatClause)> 3208 <!ATTLIST RationalClause 3209 logicalPredicate (LE | LT | GE | GT | EQ | NE) #REQUIRED 3210 > 3211 <!ELEMENT IntClause (#PCDATA)> 3212 <!ATTLIST IntClause 3213 e-dtype NMTOKEN #FIXED "int" 3214 > 3215 <!ELEMENT FloatClause (#PCDATA)> 3216 <!ATTLIST FloatClause 3217 e-dtype NMTOKEN #FIXED "float" 3218 > 3219 <!ELEMENT StringClause (#PCDATA)> 3220 <!ATTLIST StringClause 3221 stringPredicate 3222 (contains | -contains | 3223 startswith | -startswith | 3224 equal | -equal | 3225 endswith | -endswith) #REQUIRED 3226 3227 <!-- End FilterQuery DTD --> 3228 3229 <!-- The contrived root node --> 3230 <! ELEMENT RootElement 3231 (RequestAcceptedResponse | 3232 ebXMLError 3233 SubmitObjectsRequest | 3234 ApproveObjectsRequest | 3235 DeprecateObjectsRequest | 3236 RemoveObjectsRequest | 3237 GetRootClassificationNodesRequest | 3238 GetRootClassificationNodesResponse | 3239 GetClassificationTreeRequest | 3240 GetClassificationTreeResponse | 3241 GetClassifiedObjectsRequest | 3242 GetClassifiedObjectsResponse 3243 AdhocOueryRequest | 3244 AdhocQueryResponse | 3245 GetContentRequest | 3246 GetContentResponse 3247 AddSlotsRequest | 3248 RemoveSlotsRequest 3249 RegistryProfile) > 3250

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```
3251 <!ELEMENT Href (#PCDATA )>
3252
3253 <!ELEMENT XMLDocumentErrorLocn (DocumentId , Xpath )>
3254
3255 <!ELEMENT DocumentId (#PCDATA )>
3256
3257 <!ELEMENT Xpath (#PCDATA)>
3258
```

3259 Appendix B Interpretation of UML Diagrams

This section describes in *abstract terms* the conventions used to define ebXML business process description in UML.

3262 B.1 UML Class Diagram

A UML class diagram is used to describe the Service Interfaces (as defined by [ebCPP]) required to implement an ebXML Registry Services and clients. See Figure 2 on page 14 for an example. The UML class diagram contains:

3266

- A collection of UML interfaces where each interface represents a Service
 Interface for a Registry service.
- Tabular description of methods on each interface where each method represents an Action (as defined by [ebCPP]) within the Service Interface representing the UML interface.
- 3272 3. Each method within a UML interface specifies one or more parameters, where 3273 the type of each method argument represents the ebXML message type that is 3274 exchanged as part of the Action corresponding to the method. Multiple 3275 arguments imply multiple payload documents within the body of the 3276 corresponding ebXML message.

3277 B.2 UML Sequence Diagram

A UML sequence diagram is used to specify the business protocol representing the interactions between the UML interfaces for a Registry specific ebXML business process. A UML sequence diagram provides the necessary information to determine the sequencing of messages, request to response association as well as request to error response association as described by [ebCPP].

ebXML RegistryApril 20013283Each sequence diagram shows the sequence for a specific conversation protocol as
method calls from the requestor to the responder. Method invocation may be
synchronous or asynchronous based on the UML notation used on the arrow-head for
the link. A half arrow-head represents asynchronous communication. A full arrow-head
represents synchronous communication.

Each method invocation may be followed by a response method invocation from the responder to the requestor to indicate the ResponseName for the previous Request.

3290 Possible error response is indicated by a conditional response method invocation from

3291 the responder to the requestor. See Figure 4 on page 21 for an example.

3292 Appendix C SQL Query

3293 C.1 SQL Query Syntax Specification

This section specifies the rules that define the SQL Query syntax as a subset of SQL-3294 92. The terms enclosed in angle brackets are defined in [SQL] or in [SQL/PSM]. The 3295 SQL query syntax conforms to the <query specification>, modulo the restrictions 3296 identified below: 3297 3298 A <select list> may contain at most one <select sublist>. 2. In a <select list> must be is a single column whose data type is UUID, from the 3299 table in the <from clause>. 3300 3301 A <derived column> may not have an <as clause>. 3302 4. does not contain the optional <group by clause> and <having clause> clauses. 3303 3304 5. A can only consist of and <correlation name>. 6. A does not have the optional AS between and 3305 3306 <correlation name>. 7. There can only be one in the <from clause>. 3307 8. Restricted use of sub-queries is allowed by the syntax as follows. The <in 3308 predicate> allows for the right hand side of the <in predicate> to be limited to a 3309 restricted <query specification> as defined above. 3310 9. A <search condition> within the <where clause> may not include a <query 3311 3312 expression>. 3313 10. The SQL query syntax allows for the use of <sql invoked routines> invocation from [SQL/PSM] as the RHS of the <in predicate>. 3314

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3315 C.2 Non-Normative BNF for Query Syntax Grammar

The following BNF exemplifies the grammar for the registry query syntax. It is provided here as an aid to implementors. Since this BNF is not based on [SQL] it is provided as non-normative syntax. For the normative syntax rules see Appendix C.1.

```
* The Registry Query (Subset of SQL-92) grammar starts here
                                                         ********
RegistryQuery = SQLSelect [";"]
SQLSelect = "SELECT" SQLSelectCols "FROM" SQLTableList [ SQLWhere ]
SQLSelectCols = ID
SQLTableList = SQLTableRef
SQLTableRef = ID
SQLWhere = "WHERE" SQLOrExpr
SQLOrExpr = SQLAndExpr ( "OR" SQLAndExpr)*
SQLAndExpr = SQLNotExpr ("AND" SQLNotExpr)*
SQLNotExpr = [ "NOT" ] SQLCompareExpr
SQLCompareExpr =
   (SQLColRef "IS") SQLIsClause
  | SQLSumExpr [ SQLCompareExprRight ]
SQLCompareExprRight =
   SQLLikeClause
  | SQLInClause
  | SQLCompareOp SQLSumExpr
SQLCompareOp =
    " = "
    " <> "
   " > "
  .
| ">="
   " < "
   " <= "
SQLInClause = [ "NOT" ] "IN" "(" SQLLValueList ")"
SQLLValueList = SQLLValueElement ( "," SQLLValueElement )*
SQLLValueElement = "NULL" | SQLSelect
SQLIsClause = SQLColRef "IS" [ "NOT" ] "NULL"
SQLLikeClause = [ "NOT" ] "LIKE" SQLPattern
SQLPattern = STRING_LITERAL
SQLLiteral =
   STRING_LITERAL
  INTEGER_LITERAL
  | FLOATING_POINT_LITERAL
SQLColRef = SQLLvalue
```

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```
SQLLvalue = SQLLvalueTerm
SQLLvalueTerm = ID ( "." ID )*
SQLSumExpr = SQLProductExpr (( "+" | "-" ) SQLProductExpr )*
SQLProductExpr = SQLUnaryExpr (( "*" | "/" ) SQLUnaryExpr )*
SQLUnaryExpr = [ ( "+" | "-") ] SQLTerm
SQLTerm = "(" SQLOrExpr ")"
   SQLColRef
  | SQLLiteral
INTEGER_LITERAL = (["0"-"9"])+
FLOATING POINT LITERAL =
          (["0"-"9"])+ "." (["0"-"9"])+ (EXPONENT)?
          "." (["0"-"9"])+ (EXPONENT)?
          (["0"-"9"])+ EXPONENT
         (["0"-"9"])+ (EXPONENT)?
EXPONENT = ["e", "E"] (["+", "-"])? (["0"-"9"])+
STRING_LITERAL: "'" (~["'"])* ( "''" (~["'"])* )* "'"
ID = ( <LETTER> )+ ( "_" | "$" | "#" | <DIGIT> | <LETTER> )*
LETTER = ["A"-"Z", "a"-"z"]
DIGIT = ["0"-"9"]
```

C.3 Relational Schema For SQL Queries

```
--SQL Load file for creating the ebXML Registry tables
--Minimal use of SQL-99 features in DDL is illustrative and may be easily mapped to SQL-92
CREATE TYPE ShortName AS VARCHAR(64) NOT FINAL;
CREATE TYPE LongName AS VARCHAR(128) NOT FINAL;
CREATE TYPE FreeFormText AS VARCHAR(256) NOT FINAL;
CREATE TYPE UUID UNDER ShortName FINAL;
CREATE TYPE URI UNDER LongName FINAL;
CREATE TABLE ExtrinsicObject (
--RegistryObject Attributes
  id
                                                     UUID PRIMARY KEY NOT NULL,
 name
                                                    LongName.
 description
                                            FreeFormText,
                                   UUID NOT NULL,
 accessControlPolicy
--Versionable attributes
 majorVersion
                                             INT DEFAULT 0 NOT NULL,
  minorVersion
                                             INT DEFAULT 1 NOT NULL,
--RegistryEntry attributes
                                                    INT DEFAULT 0 NOT NULL,
 status
  userVersion
                                            ShortName,
 stability
                                                   INT DEFAULT 0 NOT NULL,
 expirationDate
                                     TIMESTAMP.
--ExtrinsicObject attributes
 contentURI
                                             URI,
 mimeType
                                                    ShortName,
 objectType
                                             INT DEFAULT 0 NOT NULL,
```

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BOOLEAN DEFAULT false NOT NULL opaque); CREATE PROCEDURE RegistryEntry_associatedObjects(registryEntryId) { --Must return a collection of UUIDs for related RegistryEntry instances CREATE PROCEDURE RegistryEntry_auditTrail(registryEntryId) { --Must return an collection of UUIDs for AuditableEvents related to the RegistryEntry. --Collection must be in ascending order by timestamp CREATE PROCEDURE RegistryEntry_externalLinks(registryEntryId) { --Must return a collection of UUIDs for ExternalLinks annotating this RegistryEntry. CREATE PROCEDURE RegistryEntry_externalIdentifiers(registryEntryId) { --Must return a collection of UUIDs for ExternalIdentifiers for this RegistryEntry. } CREATE PROCEDURE RegistryEntry_classificationNodes(registryEntryId) { --Must return a collection of UUIDs for ClassificationNodes classifying this RegistryEntry. CREATE PROCEDURE RegistryEntry_packages(registryEntryId) { --Must return a collection of UUIDs for Packages that this RegistryEntry belongs to. } CREATE TABLE Package (--RegistryObject Attributes UUID PRIMARY KEY NOT NULL, id name LongName, description FreeFormText, UUID NOT NULL, accessControlPolicy --Versionable attributes majorVersion INT DEFAULT 0 NOT NULL, minorVersion INT DEFAULT 1 NOT NULL, --RegistryEntry attributes status INT DEFAULT 0 NOT NULL, userVersion ShortName, stability INT DEFAULT 0 NOT NULL, expirationDate TIMESTAMP, --Package attributes); CREATE PROCEDURE Package_memberbjects(packageId) { --Must return a collection of UUIDs for RegistryEntrys that are members of this Package. CREATE TABLE ExternalLink (--RegistryObject Attributes id UUID PRIMARY KEY NOT NULL, name LongName, description FreeFormText, UUID NOT NULL, accessControlPolicy --Versionable attributes majorVersion INT DEFAULT 0 NOT NULL, INT DEFAULT 1 NOT NULL, minorVersion --RegistryEntry attributes INT DEFAULT 0 NOT NULL, status userVersion ShortName, INT DEFAULT 0 NOT NULL, stability

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expirationDate TIMESTAMP, --ExternalLink attributes externalURI URI NOT NULL); CREATE PROCEDURE ExternalLink_linkedObjects(registryEntryId) { --Must return a collection of UUIDs for objects in this relationship } CREATE TABLE ExternalIdentifier (--RegistryObject Attributes id UUID PRIMARY KEY NOT NULL, name LongName, description FreeFormText, UUID NOT NULL, accessControlPolicy --Versionable attributes majorVersion INT DEFAULT 0 NOT NULL, minorVersion INT DEFAULT 1 NOT NULL, --RegistryEntry attributes INT DEFAULT 0 NOT NULL, status userVersion ShortName, INT DEFAULT 0 NOT NULL, stability expirationDate TIMESTAMP, --ExternalIdentifier attributes value ShortName NOT NULL); --A SlotValue row represents one value of one slot in some --RegistryEntry CREATE TABLE SlotValue (--RegistryObject Attributes registryEntry UUID PRIMARY KEY NOT NULL, --Slot attributes LongName NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY NOT NULL, name value ShortName NOT NULL); CREATE TABLE Association (--RegistryObject Attributes id UUID PRIMARY KEY NOT NULL, name LongName, description FreeFormText, accessControlPolicy UUID NOT NULL, --Versionable attributes majorVersion INT DEFAULT 0 NOT NULL, minorVersion INT DEFAULT 1 NOT NULL, --RegistryEntry attributes INT DEFAULT 0 NOT NULL, status userVersion ShortName, stability INT DEFAULT 0 NOT NULL, TIMESTAMP. expirationDate --Association attributes associationType INT NOT NULL, bidirectional BOOLEAN DEFAULT false NOT NULL, sourceObject UUID NOT NULL, sourceRole ShortName, label ShortName, targetObject UUID NOT NULL, targetRole ShortName

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3654 3655);

--Classification is currently identical to Association CREATE TABLE Classification (--RegistryObject Attributes id UUID PRIMARY KEY NOT NULL, name LongName, description FreeFormText, accessControlPolicy UUID NOT NULL, --Versionable attributes majorVersion INT DEFAULT 0 NOT NULL, minorVersion INT DEFAULT 1 NOT NULL, --RegistryEntry attributes status INT DEFAULT 0 NOT NULL, ShortName, userVersion stability INT DEFAULT 0 NOT NULL, TIMESTAMP, expirationDate --Classification attributes. Assumes not derived from Association sourceObject UUID NOT NULL, target0bject UUID NOT NULL,); CREATE TABLE ClassificationNode (--RegistryObject Attributes id UUID PRIMARY KEY NOT NULL, name LongName, description FreeFormText, accessControlPolicy UUID NOT NULL, --Versionable attributes majorVersion INT DEFAULT 0 NOT NULL, minorVersion INT DEFAULT 1 NOT NULL, --RegistryEntry attributes status INT DEFAULT 0 NOT NULL, ShortName, userVersion stability INT DEFAULT 0 NOT NULL, TIMESTAMP, expirationDate --ClassificationNode attributes parent UUID, VARCHAR(512) NOT NULL, path code ShortName); CREATE PROCEDURE ClassificationNode_classifiedObjects(classificationNodeId) { --Must return a collection of UUIDs for RegistryEntries classified by this ClassificationNode --Begin Registry Audit Trail tables CREATE TABLE AuditableEvent (--RegistryObject Attributes id UUID PRIMARY KEY NOT NULL, name LongName, description FreeFormText, accessControlPolicy UUID NOT NULL, --AuditableEvent attributes UUID, user INT DEFAULT 0 NOT NULL, eventType registryEntry UUID NOT NULL, timestamp TIMESTAMP NOT NULL,);

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3656 3657 CREATE TABLE User (3658 --RegistryObject Attributes 3659 id UUID PRIMARY KEY NOT NULL, 3660 name LongName, 3661 description FreeFormText, accessControlPolicy UUID NOT NULL, 3662 3663 3664 --User attributes 3665 organization UUID NOT NULL 3666 --address attributes flattened 3667 3668 address_city e ShortName, ShortName, ShortName, ShortName, ShortName, 3669 address_country 3670 address_postalCode 3671 address_state ShortName, 3672 address_street 3673 3674 email ShortName. 3675 3676 3677 --fax attribute flattened VARCHAR(4) NOT NULL, fax_areaCode 3678 fax_countryCode VARCHAR(4), 3679 VARCHAR(8), fax_extension 3680 fax_umber VARCHAR(8) NOT NULL, 3681 fax_url URI 3682 3683 --mobilePhone attribute flattened VARCHAR(4) NOT NULL, 3684 mobilePhone_areaCode VARCHAR(4)
mobilePhone_countryCode VARCHAR(4),
mobilePhone_extension VARCHAR(8), 3685 3686 mobilePhone_umber VARCHAR(8) NOT NULL, 3688 mobilePhone_url URT 3689 3690 --name attribute flattened 3691 name_firstName ShortName, 3692 name_middleName ShortName, 3693 name_lastName ShortName, 3694 3695 --pager attribute flattened 3696 pager_areaCode VARCHAR(4) NOT NULL, pager_countryCode VARCHAR(4), 3697 3698 pager_extension VARCHAR(8), 3699 pager_umber VARCHAR(8) NOT NULL, 3700 pager_url URI 3701 --telephone attribute flattened telephone_areaCode VARCHAR(4) NOT NULL, telephone_countryCode VARCHAR(4), telephone_extension VARCHAR(8), 3702 3703 3704 3705 3706 telephone_umber VARCHAR(8) NOT NULL, 3707 telephone_url URI, 3708 3709 url URI. 3710 3711); 3712 3713 CREATE TABLE Organization (3714 --RegistryObject Attributes 3715 id UUID PRIMARY KEY NOT NULL, 3716 name LongName, 3717 description FreeFormText, 3718 UUID NOT NULL, accessControlPolicy 3719 3720 --Versionable attributes 3721 majorVersion INT DEFAULT 0 NOT NULL, 3722 minorVersion INT DEFAULT 1 NOT NULL, 3723 3724 --RegistryEntry attributes 3725 INT DEFAULT 0 NOT NULL, status

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ebXML Registry 3726 3727 3728 3729 3730 userVersion ShortName, stability DEFAULT 0 NOT NULL, INT expirationDate TIMESTAMP, --Organization attributes --Organization.address attribute flattened address_city ShortName. address_country ShortName, 3735 3736 address_postalCode ShortName, address_state ShortName, ShortName, address_street 3738 3739 --primary contact for Organization, points to a User. 3740 3741 --Note many Users may belong to the same Organization contact UUID NOT NULL, 3743 --Organization.fax attribute falttened VARCHAR(4) NOT NULL, fax areaCode fax_countryCode VARCHAR(4), fax_extension VARCHAR(8), fax_umber VARCHAR(8) NOT NULL, fax_url URI, 3749 3750 --Organization.parent attribute parent UUID, --Organization.telephone attribute falttened 3754 3755 telephone_areaCode VARCHAR(4) NOT NULL, telephone_countryCode VARCHAR(4), 3756 3757 telephone_extension VARCHAR(8), telephone_umber VARCHAR(8) NOT NULL, telephone_url URT); --Note that the ebRIM security view is not visible through the public query mechanism --in the current release --The RegistryEntry View allows polymorphic queries over all ebRIM classes derived --from RegistryEntry CREATE VIEW RegistryEntry (3770 --RegistryObject Attributes id, name. description, accessControlPolicy, 3775 --Versionable attributes majorVersion, minorVersion, 3779 --RegistryEntry attributes status, userVersion, stability, expirationDate) AS SELECT --RegistryObject Attributes id, name. description, accessControlPolicy, --Versionable attributes majorVersion,

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3796 minorVersion, 3797 3798 --RegistryEntry attributes 3799 status, 3800 userVersion. 3801 stability, 3802 expirationDate 3803 3804 FROM ExtrinsicObject 3805 UNTON 3806 3807 SELECT 3808 --RegistryObject Attributes 3809 id, 3810 name, 3811 description, 3812 accessControlPolicy, 3813 3814 --Versionable attributes 3815 majorVersion, 3816 minorVersion, 3817 3818 --RegistryEntry attributes 3819 status, 3820 userVersion, 3821 stability, 3822 3823 expirationDate FROM (Registry)Package 3824 3825 UNION 3826 SELECT 3827 --RegistryObject Attributes 3828 id, 3829 name. 3830 description, 3831 accessControlPolicy, 3832 3833 --Versionable attributes 3834 majorVersion, 3835 minorVersion. 3836 3837 --RegistryEntry attributes 3838 status, 3839 userVersion, 3840 stability, 3841 expirationDate 3842 FROM ClassificationNode;

```
3843
```

3844 Appendix D Non-normative Content Based Ad Hoc Queries

The Registry SQL query capability supports the ability to search for content based not only on metadata that catalogs the content but also the data contained within the content itself. For example it is possible for a client to submit a query that searches for all Collaboration Party Profiles that define a role named "seller" within a RoleName element in the CPP document itself. Currently content-based query capability is restricted to XML content.

	ebXML Registry	April 2001
3851	D.1.1 Automatic Classification of XML Content	
3852 3853	Content-based queries are indirectly supported through the existing mechanism supported by the Registry.	ng classification

A submitting organization may define logical indexes on any XML schema or DTD when it is submitted. An instance of such a logical index defines a link between a specific attribute or element node in an XML document tree and a ClassificationNode in a classification scheme within the registry.

The registry utilizes this index to automatically classify documents that are instances of the schema at the time the document instance is submitted. Such documents are classified according to the data contained within the document itself.

Such automatically classified content may subsequently be discovered by clients using
 the existing classification-based discovery mechanism of the Registry and the query
 facilities of the ObjectQueryManager.

3864 [Note] This approach is conceptually similar to the way databases support 3865 indexed retrieval. DBAs define indexes on tables in the schema. When 3866 data is added to the table, the data gets automatically indexed.

3867 D.1.2 Index Definition

This section describes how the logical indexes are defined in the SubmittedObject element defined in the Registry DTD. The complete Registry DTD is specified in Appendix A.2.

3871 A SubmittedObject element for a schema or DTD may define a collection of

3872 ClassificationIndexes in a ClassificationIndexList optional element. The

- ClassificationIndexList is ignored if the content being submitted is not of the SCHEMAobjectType.
- The ClassificationIndex element inherits the attributes of the base class RegistryObject in [ebRIM]. It then defines specialized attributes as follows:
- classificationNode: This attribute references a specific ClassificationNode by its
 ID.
- contentIdentifier: This attribute identifies a specific data element within the
 document instances of the schema using an XPATH expression as defined by
 [XPT].

3882 D.1.3 Example Of Index Definition

To define an index that automatically classifies a CPP based upon the roles defined within its RoleName elements, the following index must be defined on the CPP schema or DTD:

```
3886 <ClassificationIndex
3887 classificationNode='id-for-role-classification-scheme'
3888 contentIdentifier='/Role//RoleName'
>
```

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D.1.4 Proposed XML Definition 3890 3891 <!--3892 A ClassificationIndexList is specified on ExtrinsicObjects of objectType 3893 'Schema' to define an automatic Classification of instance objects of the schema using the specified classificationNode as parent and a 3894 3895 ClassificationNode created or selected by the object content as selected by 3896 the contentIdentifier 3897 --> <!ELEMENT ClassificationIndex EMPTY> 3898 3899 <!ATTLIST ClassificationIndex 3900 %ObjectAttributes; 3901 classificationNode IDREF #REQUIRED 3902 contentIdentifier CDATA #REQUIRED 3903 > 3904 3905 <!-- ClassificationIndexList contains new ClassificationIndexes --> 3906 <!ELEMENT ClassificationIndexList (ClassificationIndex)*>

3907 D.1.5 Example of Automatic Classification

Assume that a CPP is submitted that defines two roles as "seller" and "buyer." When the CPP is submitted it will automatically be classified by two ClassificationNodes named "buyer" and "seller" that are both children of the ClassificationNode (e.g. a node named Role) specified in the classificationNode attribute of the ClassificationIndex. Note that if either of the two ClassificationNodes named "buyer" and "seller" did not previously exist, the ObjectManager would automatically create these ClassificationNodes.

3914 Appendix E Security Implementation Guideline

This section provides a suggested blueprint for how security processing may be implemented in the Registry. It is meant to be illustrative not prescriptive. Registries may choose to have different implementations as long as they support the default security roles and authorization rules described in this document.

3919 E.1 Authentication

- As soon as a message is received, the first work is the authentication. A principal object is created.
- If the message is signed, it is verified (including the validity of the certificate) and the
 DN of the certificate becomes the identity of the principal. Then the Registry is
 searched for the principal and if found, the roles and groups are filled in.
- 3925 3. If the message is not signed, an empty principal is created with the role 3926 RegistryGuest. This step is for symmetry and to decouple the rest of the processing.
- 3927 4. Then the message is processed for the command and the objects it will act on.

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3928 E.2 Authorization

For every object, the access controller will iterate through all the AccessControlPolicy objects with the object and see if there is a chain through the permission objects to verify that the requested method is permitted for the Principal. If any of the permission objects which the object is associated with has a common role, or identity, or group with the principal, the action is permitted.

3934 E.3 Registry Bootstrap

When a Registry is newly created, a default Principal object should be created with the identity of the Registry Admin's certificate DN with a role RegistryAdmin. This way, any message signed by the Registry Admin will get all the privileges.

3938 When a Registry is newly created, a singleton instance of AccessControlPolicy is 3939 created as the default AccessControlPolicy. This includes the creation of the necessary

3940 Permission instances as well as the Privilges and Privilege attributes.

E.4 Content Submission – Client Responsibility

The Registry client has to sign the contents before submission – otherwise the content will be rejected.

E.5 Content Submission – Registry Responsibility

- Like any other request, the client will be first authenticated. In this case, the Principal object will get the DN from the certificate.
- 2. As per the request in the message, the RegistryEntry will be created.
- 3948 3. The RegistryEntry is assigned the singleton default AccessControlPolicy.
- 39494. If a principal with the identity of the SO is not available, an identity object with the3950SO's DN is created
- 3951 5. A principal with this identity is created

3952 E.6 Content Delete/Deprecate – Client Responsibility

3953 The Registry client has to sign the payload (not entire message) before submission, for 3954 authentication purposes; otherwise, the request will be rejected

3955 E.7 Content Delete/Deprecate – Registry Responsibility

- Like any other request, the client will be first authenticated. In this case, the Principal object will get the DN from the certificate. As there will be a principal with this identity in the Registry, the Principal object will get all the roles from that object
- 39592. As per the request in the message (delete or deprecate), the appropriate method in3960 the RegistryObject class will be accessed.
- 3961 3. The access controller performs the authorization by iterating through the Permission 3962 objects associated with this object via the singleton default AccessControlPolicy.
- 4. If authorization succeeds then the action will be permitted. Otherwise an error
 response is sent back with a suitable AuthorizationException error message.

3965 Appendix F Native Language Support (NLS)

3966 **F.1 Definitions**

- Although this section discusses only character set and language, the following terms have to be defined clearly.
- 3969

3970 **F.1.1 Coded Character Set (CCS)**:

- 3971 CCS is a mapping from a set of abstract characters to a set of integers. [RFC 2130].
 3972 Examples of CCS are ISO-10646, US-ASCII, ISO-8859-1, and so on.
 3973
- 3974 F.1.2 Character Encoding Scheme (CES):
- CES is a mapping from a CCS (or several) to a set of octets. [RFC 2130]. Examples of CES are ISO-2022, UTF-8.

3977 F.1.3 Character Set (charset):

- charset is a set of rules for mapping from a sequence of octets to a sequence of
 characters.[RFC 2277],[RFC 2278]. Examples of character set are ISO-2022-JP, EUC KR.
- 3981
- A list of registered character sets can be found at [IANA].

3983 F.2 NLS And Request / Response Messages

For the accurate processing of data in both registry client and registry services, it is essential to know which character set is used. Although the body part of the transaction

may contain the charset in xml encoding declaration, registry client and registry services
shall specify charset parameter in MIME header when they use text/xml. Because as
defined in [RFC 3023], if a text/xml entity is received with the charset parameter
omitted, MIME processors and XML processors MUST use the default charset value of
"us-ascii".

3991 3992

Ex. Content-Type: text/xml; charset=ISO-2022-JP

3993

3997

Also, when an application/xml entity is used, the charset parameter is optional, and registry client and registry services must follow the requirements in Section 4.3.3 of [REC-XML] which directly address this contingency.

³⁹⁹⁸ If another Content-Type is chosen to be used, usage of charset must follow [RFC 3023].

3999 F.3 NLS And Storing of RegistryEntry

This section provides NLS guidelines on how a registry should store *RegistryEntry* instances.

4002 **F.3.1 Character Set of** *RegistryEntry*

This is basically an implementation issue because the actual character set that the *RegistryEntry* is stored with, does not affect the interface. However, it is highly recommended to use UTF-16 or UTF-8 for covering various languages.

4006 **F.3.2 Language Information of** *RegistryEntry*

The language may be specified in xml:lang attribute (Section 2.12 [REC-XML]). If the xml:lang attribute is specified, then the registry may use that language code as the value of a special Slot with name *language* and sloType of *nls* in the *RegistryEntry*. The value must be compliant to [RFC 1766]. Slots are defined in [ebRIM].

4011 **F.4 NLS And Storing of Repository Items**

4012 This section provides NLS guidelines on how a registry should store repository items.

4013 **F.4.1 Character Set of Repository Items**

Unlike the character set of *RegistryEntry*, the charset of a repository item must be preserved as it is originally specified in the transaction. The registry may use a special Slot with name *repositoryItemCharset*, and sloType of *nIs* for the *RegistryEntry* for storing the charset of the corresponding repository item. Value must be the one defined in [RFC 2277], [RFC 2278]. The *repositoryItemCharset* is optional because not all repository items require it.

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4021 **F.4.2 Language information of repository item**

Specifying only character set is not enough to tell which language is used in the
repository item. A registry may use a special Slot with name *repositoryItemLang*, and
sloType of *nIs* to store that information. This attribute is optional because not all
repository items require it. Value must be compliant to [RFC 1766]

This document currently specifies only the method of sending the information of character set and language, and how it is stored in a registry. However, the language information may be used as one of the query criteria, such as retrieving only DTD written in French. Furthermore, a language negotiation procedure, like registry client is asking a favorite language for messages from registry services, could be another functionality for the future revision of this document.

4033 Appendix G Terminology Mapping

4034 While every attempt has been made to use the same terminology used in other works 4035 there are some terminology differences.

The following table shows the terminology mapping between this specification and that used in other specifications and working groups.

4038

This Document	OASIS	ISO 11179
"repository item"	RegisteredObject	
RegistryEntry	RegistryEntry	Administered Component
ExternalLink	RelatedData	N/A
Object.id	regEntryld, orgld, etc.	
ExtrinsicObject.uri	objectURL	
ExtrinsicObject.objectType	defnSource, objectType	
RegistryEntry.name	commonName	
Object.description	shortDescription, Description	
ExtrinsicObject.mimeType	objectType="mime"	
	fileType=" <mime type="">"</mime>	
Versionable.majorVersion	userVersion only	
Versionable.minorVersion	userVersion only	

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	RegistryEntry.status	registrationStatus	
39		Table 1: Terminology Mappin	g Table

4039

4040

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- 4043 [TA] ebXML Technical Architecture
- 4044 <u>http://www.ebxml.org/specdrafts/ebXML_TA_v1.0.pdf</u>
- 4045 [OAS] OASIS Information Model
- 4046 <u>http://www.nist.gov/itl/div897/ctg/regrep/oasis-work.html</u>
- 4047 [ISO] ISO 11179 Information Model
- 4048
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- 4050 [ebRIM] ebXML Registry Information Model
- 4051 <u>http://www.ebxml.org/project_teams/registry/private/registryInfoModelv0.54.pdf</u>
- 4052 [ebBPM] ebXML Business Process Specification Schema
- 4053 <u>http://www.ebxml.org/specdrafts/Busv2-0.pdf</u>
- 4054
 [ebCPP]
 ebXML Collaboration-Protocol Profile and Agreement Specification

 4055
 http://www.ebxml.org/project_teams/trade_partner/private/
- 4056 [CTB] Context table informal document from Core Components
- 4057 [ebMS] ebXML Messaging Service Specification, Version 0.21
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- 4063 [XPT] XML Path Language (XPath) Version 1.0
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4099	Edition)	33-(
4100	http://www.w3.org/TR/REC-xml	
4101		
4102	[UUID] DCE 128 bit Universal Unique Identifier	
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1104	<u></u>	

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